



COUNTY OF SONOMA

PERMIT AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

2550 Ventura Avenue, Santa Rosa, CA 95403
(707) 565-1900 FAX (707) 565-1103

To: Interested Agencies

February 22, 2018

The following (REVISED) application has been filed with the Sonoma County Permit and Resource Management Department.

File Number: PLP05-0009
Applicant Name: Henry Belmonte
Owner Name: Vittorio and Henry Belmonte
Site Address: 9125 Highway 12, Kenwood
APN: 050-272-028

Project Description: (REVISED January 2018) The project includes use of existing developed property (VJB Tasting Room/Marking) and redevelopment of a formerly developed 0.45 acre commercial Lot with a 53 space parking lot. The details of the latest proposal include:

- 6 employees Monday – Thursday, 9 employees on Friday, and 16 employees on Saturday and Sunday.
- Use of the outdoor patio dining, pizza oven, barbecue, and commercial kitchen on a daily basis.
- Food and wine pairings in the tasting room and outdoor patio dining.
- Removal of the right turn lane requirement on Shaw Avenue tied to special events.
- Removal of parking on Shaw 50 foot back from the highway 12 intersection as formerly agreed.
- Remove permission of up to 15 special events a year.
- Removal of the left turn lane on Highway 12 tied to special events.
- Participation in two industry wide events and wine maker dinners during expanded hours.
- Maintain existing hours of operation from 10-4 daily.
- Use of Maple Avenue driveway for egress.
- Now includes development and use of a commercially designated property at 75 Shaw Avenue (across Shaw Avenue) for a development and use commercial parking lot (53 spaces).

We are submitting the above application for your review and recommendation. Additional information is on file in the PRMD office.

Responses to referrals should include: (1) statement of any environmental concerns or uncertainties your agency may have with the project; (2) any comments you wish to make regarding the merits of the project; and (3) your proposed conditions and mitigations for this project. Responsible agencies under CEQA are requested to indicate whether permits will be required for this project.

Your comments will be appreciated by March 15, 2018 and should be sent to the attention of:

PLP05-0009, Blake Hillegas (Blake.Hillegas@sonoma-county.org). The Project Planner can also be reached at 707-565-1392. Native American tribes receiving this Referral have 30 days to request a tribal consultation under the guidelines governing AB 52.

Please send a copy of your comments to the applicant(s) or their representatives as indicated on the attached Planning Application.

PRMD Management Group
 Health Specialist
 SUSMP
 So. Co. Environmental Health
 Community Development Commission
 DTPW, Land Development
 Regional Parks Dept
 Fire and Emergency Services
 Local Fire District –Kenwood Fire
 Economic Development Board
 Transit/BPAC

SCTA/RCPA
 BOS Dist 1 Director and Commissioners
 SVCAC
 Valley of the Moon Alliance and Kenwood Press
 NW Information Center, S.S.U.
 North Bay Corporation (Disposal)
 State Dept of Transportation (Caltrans)
 State Dept of Water Resources Control Board
 State Parks and Recreation-Duncans Mills Office
 Regional Water QCB: SF Bay
 Cathy Fletcher

Sonoma MOAG
 Tribal Consultation AB52

Planning Application

PJR-001

File#: PLP 05-0009

Type of Application:

- | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Admin Cert. Compliance | <input type="checkbox"/> Design Review Comm./Ind. | <input type="checkbox"/> Minor Subdivision | <input type="checkbox"/> Variance |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ag./Timber Preserve/Contract | <input type="checkbox"/> Design Review Residential | <input type="checkbox"/> Mobile Home Zoning Permit | <input type="checkbox"/> Zone Change |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Cert. of Compliance | <input type="checkbox"/> Design Review Signs | <input type="checkbox"/> Ordinance Interpretation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Cert. of Modification | <input type="checkbox"/> General Plan Amendment | <input type="checkbox"/> Second Unit Permit | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Coastal Permit | <input type="checkbox"/> Lot Line Adjustment | <input type="checkbox"/> Specific Area Plan Amendment | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Design Review Admin. | <input type="checkbox"/> Major Subdivision | <input type="checkbox"/> Use Permit | |
- USE PERMIT MODIFICATION**

Applicant (Contact Person):

Henry Belmonte
 Name
Henry Belmonte
 Mailing Address
60 Shaw Ave. Ca **95452**
 City/Town State Zip
Kerwood
 Phone **707-833-2300** Fax **707-975-3991**

Owner, if other than Applicant:

Name _____
 Mailing Address _____
 City/Town _____ State _____ Zip _____
 Phone _____ Fax _____
 email _____
 Signature _____ Date _____

[Handwritten Signature]
 Signature

6/25/14
 Date

Other Persons to be Notified: (Specify: Other Owner(s), Agent, Lender, Architect, Engineer, Surveyor)

Name _____	Name _____	Name _____
Mailing Address _____	Mailing Address _____	Mailing Address _____
City/Town _____ State _____ Zip _____	City/Town _____ State _____ Zip _____	City/Town _____ State _____ Zip _____
Title _____	Title _____	Title _____
Phone _____ Fax _____	Phone _____ Fax _____	Phone _____ Fax _____
email _____	email _____	email _____

Project Information:

VJB Vineyards and Cellars

Address(es) 60 Shaw Ave 950-275-020 City/Town Kerwood

Assessor's Parcel Number(s) _____

Project Description: VJB Cellars is a tasting room and dell and marketplace and cafe with pizza and BBQ

Site Served by Public Water? Yes No Site Served by Public Sewer? Yes No Number of new lots proposed n/a

DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE - To be Completed by PRMD Staff

Planning Area: 1 Supervisorial District: 1 Current Zoning: C1 SR General Plan Land Use: _____

Specific Plan: North Sonoma Valley S.P. Land Use: _____ Needs CEQA Review? yes no

Commercial/Industrial Uses: (Enter numbers where applicable)

Bldg. sq. ft. Existing: _____ Proposed: _____ Existing Employees: _____ New Employees: _____

New Manufactured Homes: _____ New Units For Sale: _____ New Units For Rent: _____ Density Bonus Units: _____

Violation? yes no; Application resolves planning violation? yes no; Penalty applicable? yes no; Civil Penalty Factor N/A

Previous Files: _____
 Application accepted by Scott Hunsperger Date 7/11/14

Sonoma County Permit and Resource Management Department
 2650 Ventura Avenue * Santa Rosa, CA * 95403-2829 * (707) 566-1900 * Fax (707) 566-1103

Supplemental Application Information

Existing use of property: Winery tasting room, deli and marketplace

Former residential property - vacant

Acreage: 1.89

Existing structures on property:

Tasting Room + Cafe with outdoor dining
Misc. retail uses

Proximity to creeks, waterways and Impoundment areas: none

Vegetation on site: vineyards

General topography: commercial, ag

Surrounding uses to
(Note: An adjoining
road is not a use.)

North: vineyards and businesses

South: vineyards and businesses

East: residential

West: vineyards and businesses

New structures proposed
(size, height, type):

to comply with department of health, our outdoor pizza and bbq area
must be closed in "temporarily; only when prepping of food is taking
place".

Number of employees: Full time: 6 Part time: 10 Seasonal: _____

Operating days: monday-sunday Hours of operation: 10-4 daily

Number of vehicles per day: Passenger: _____ Trucks: _____

Water source: Kenwood Water Co Sewage disposal: _____

Provider, if applicable: Kenwood Water Co Provider, if applicable: _____

New noise sources
(compressors, power tools, music, etc.): none

Grading proposed: Amount of cut (cu. yds.): na Amount of fill (cu. yds.): na Will more
than one acre be disturbed by construction of access roads, site preparation and clearing, fill or
excavation, building removal, building construction, equipment staging and maintenance, or other
activities? Yes _____ No X If Yes, indicate area of disturbance (acres): _____
Identify method of site drainage (sheet flow, storm drain, outflow to creek or ditch, detention area, etc.): _____

Vegetation to be removed: none

Will proposal require annexation to a district in order to obtain public services: Yes _____ No X

Are there currently any hazardous materials (chemicals, oils, gasoline, etc.) stored, used or
processed on this site? Yes _____ No X

Will the use, storage, or processing of hazardous materials occur on this site in the future if this
project is authorized? Yes _____ No X

Fire safety information (existing/proposed water tanks, hydrants, emergency access and turnaround,
building materials, etc.): n/a

Indemnification Agreement

PJR-011

"As part of this application, applicant agrees to defend, indemnify, release and hold harmless the County, its agents, officers, attorneys, employees, boards and commissions from any claim, action or proceeding brought against any of the foregoing individuals or entities, the purpose of which is to attack, set aside, void or annul the approval of this application or the adoption of the environmental document which accompanies it. This Indemnification shall include, but not be limited to, damages, costs, expenses, attorney fees or expert witness fees that may be asserted by any person or entity, including the applicant, arising out of or in conjunction with the approval of this application, whether or not there is concurrent passive or active negligence on the part of the County. If, for any reason any portion of this indemnification agreement is held to be void or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of the agreement shall remain in full force and effect."

Henry Belmonte
Applicant Name


Applicant Signature

Henry Belmonte
Owner Name

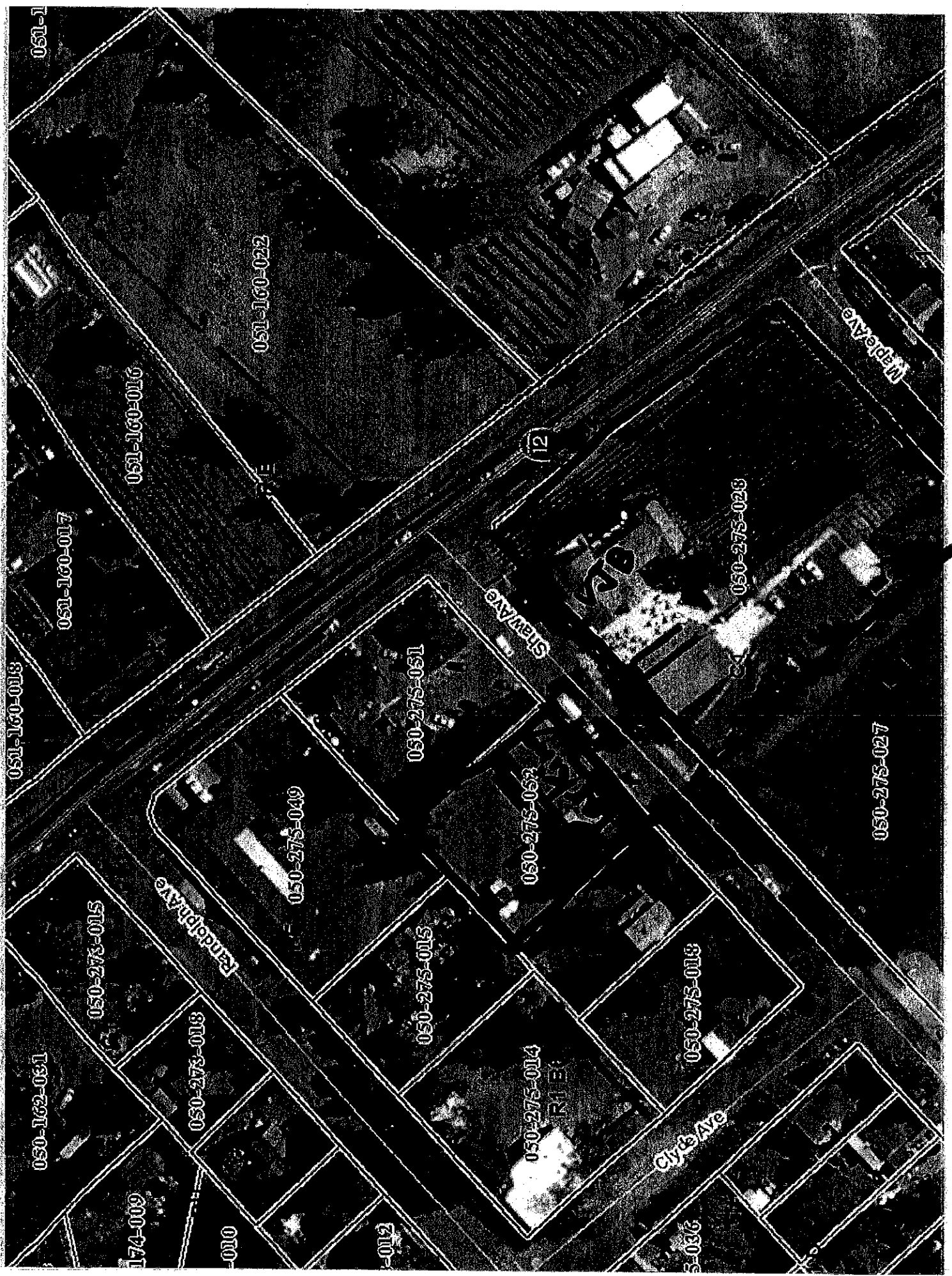
Owner Signature

June 25, 2014
Date

PLP-05-0009
File No.

NOTE: The purpose of the Indemnification Agreement is to allow the County to be held harmless in terms of potential legal costs and liabilities in conjunction with permit processing and approval.

Sonoma County Permit and Resource Management Department
2550 Ventura Avenue ♦ Santa Rosa, CA ♦ 95403-2828 ♦ (707) 565-1900 ♦ Fax (707) 565-1103



051-1

051-160-022

051-160-016

051-160-017

051-160-018

050-275-051

050-275-028

050-275-027

050-275-049

050-275-052

050-275-015

050-275-015

050-275-018

050-1622-061

050-275-018

050-275-014

174-009

-010

-012

5-036

Maple Ave

Shaw Ave

Randolph Ave

Clyde Ave

12

RIVER

V.P.



SOURCE, INC.

10000 S. 200th St.

2000 AVENUE 10000 S. 200th St.

d & Cellars

NO. 1	DATE
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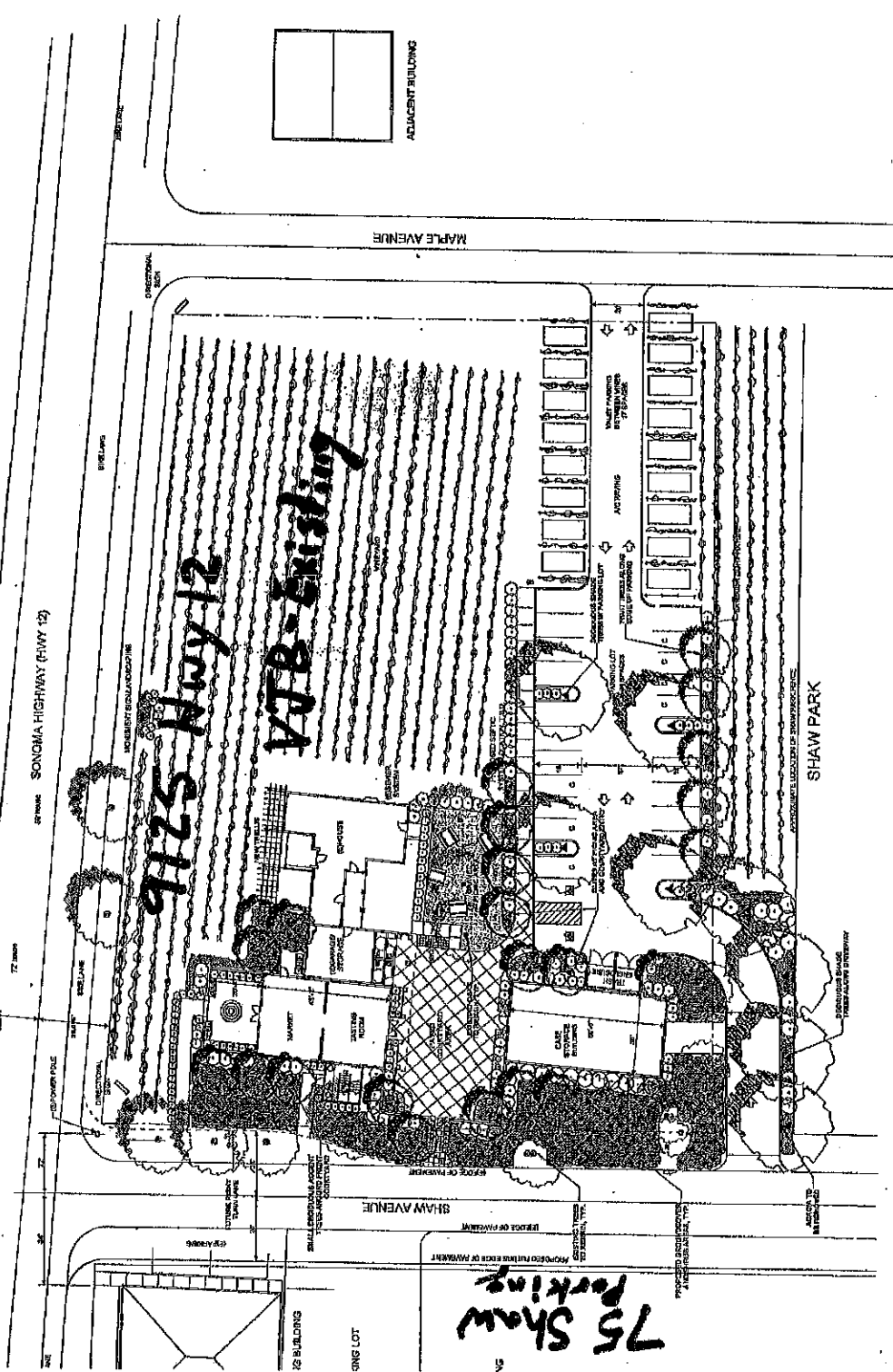


MAGNAR
 A LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE FIRM
 10000 S. 200th St.
 SUITE 100
 FARMINGTON, CT 06030
 TEL: 203.271.5557
 FAX: 203.271.5558

CONCEPTUAL LANDSCAPE PLAN

VJB VINEYARD AND CELLARS
 9128 SONOMA HIGHWAY
 KENWOOD, CA

CONCEPTUAL LANDSCAPE PLAN



SONOMA HIGHWAY (HWY 12)

MAPLE AVENUE

SHAW PARK

75 Show Parking

21 kmh S21R

VJB - Building

ADJACENT BUILDING

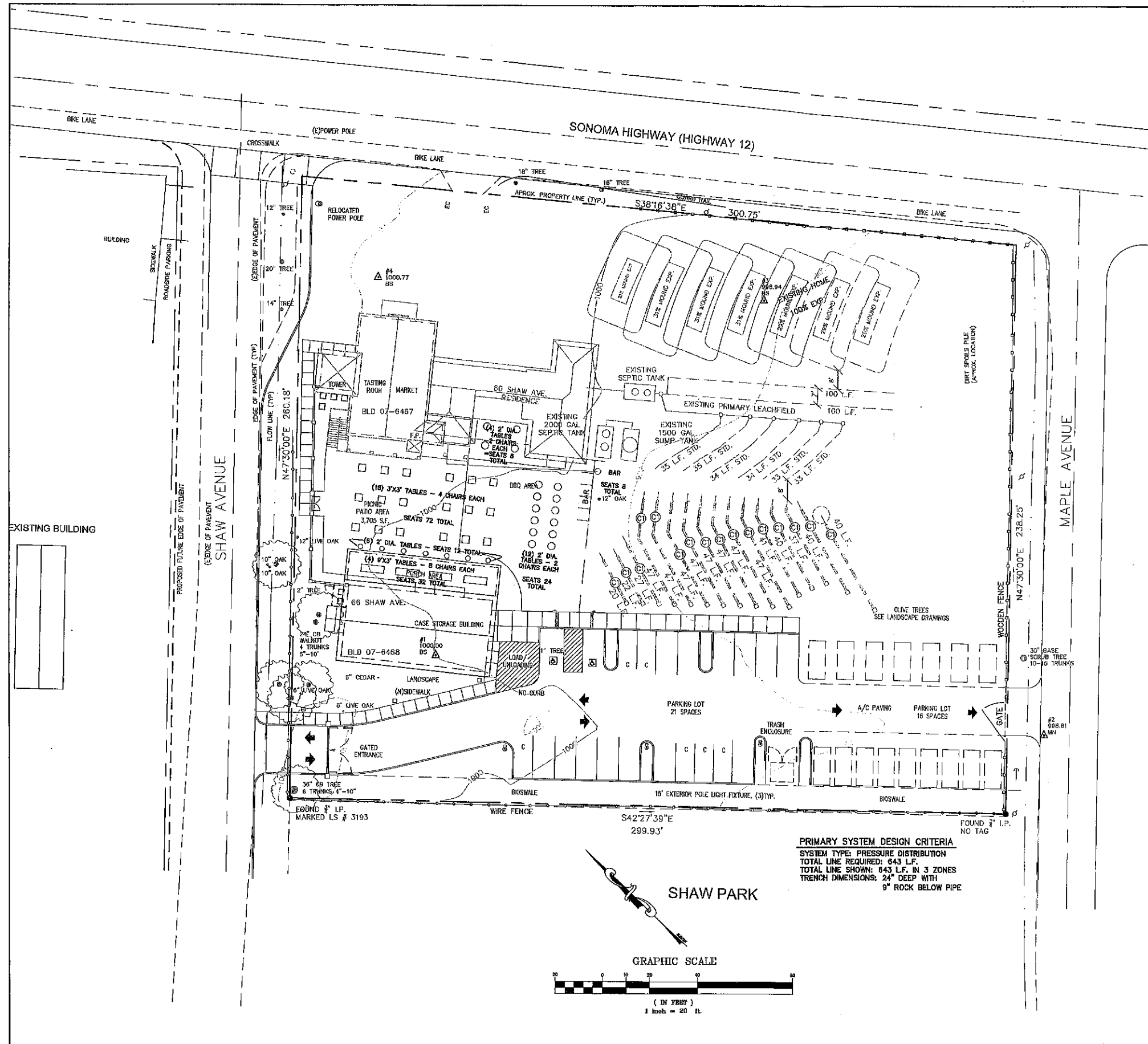
UNDERGROUND NOTE

THE LOCATIONS OF UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES & UTILITIES SHOWN HEREON HAS BEEN DETERMINED FROM SURFACE EVIDENCE AND/OR RECORD INFORMATION. THE SURVEYOR ACCEPTS NO LIABILITY FOR THE LOCATION, EXISTENCE OR NONEXISTENCE OF THOSE UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES, UTILITY LINE AND RELATED APPURTENANCES.

PROPERTY NOTES:

- 1) PROPERTY LINES SHOWN ARE APPROXAMATED FROM RECORD DATA AND 2 FOUND MONUMENTS AS PER MAP 525-13
- 2) CONTOURS SHOWN ARE APPROXAMATED FROM AN ASSUMED ELEVATION OF 1000.00 FEET FOR CONTROL POINT 1

NOTE:
ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED AND FERTILIZED AND INCLUDE STRAW MULCH FOR EROSION CONTROL. SEE EROSION CONTROL NOTES PROVIDED WITHIN THIS SET OF PLANS.



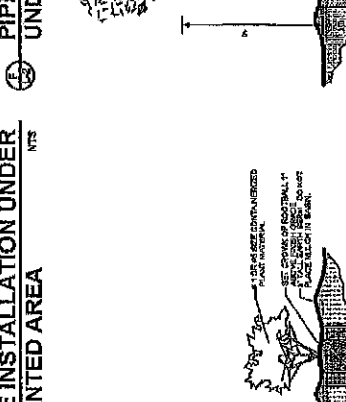
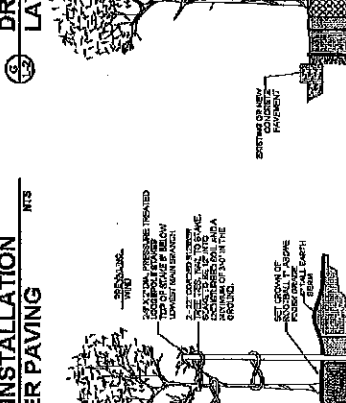
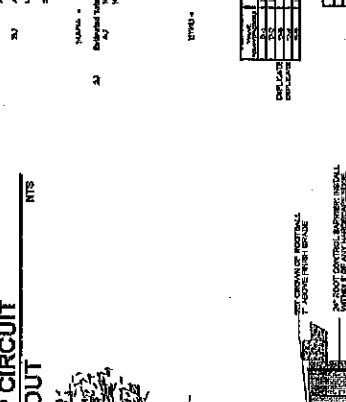
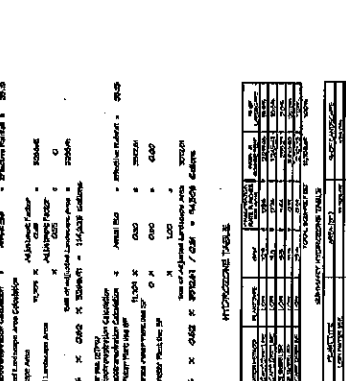
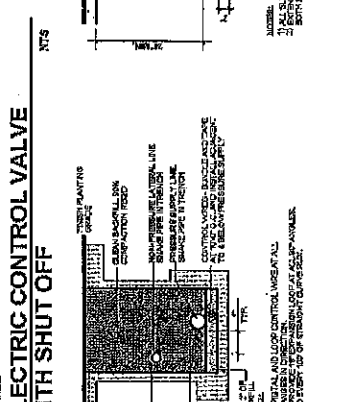
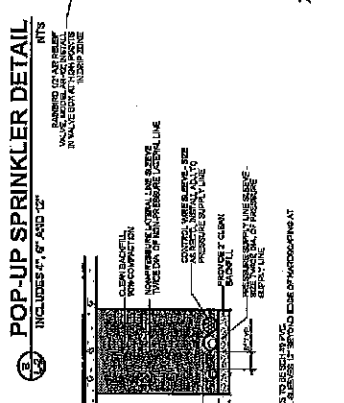
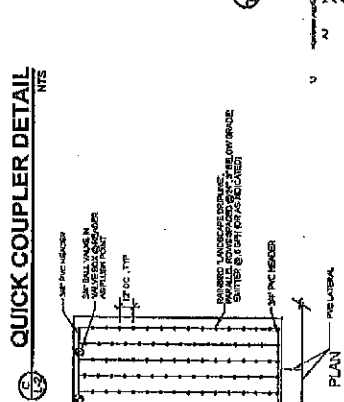
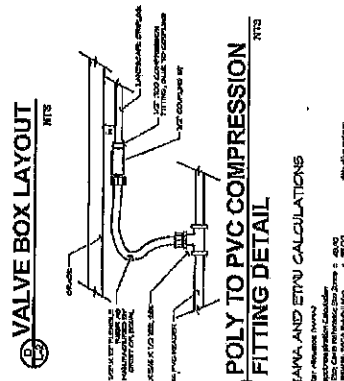
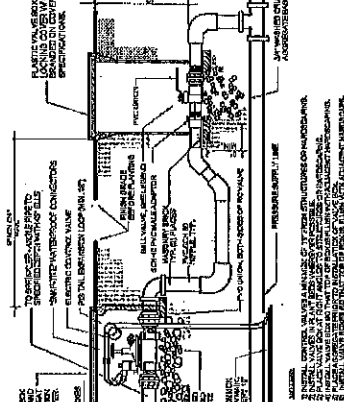
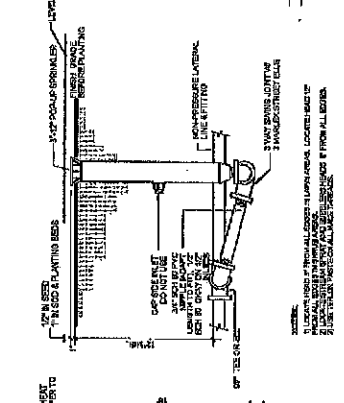
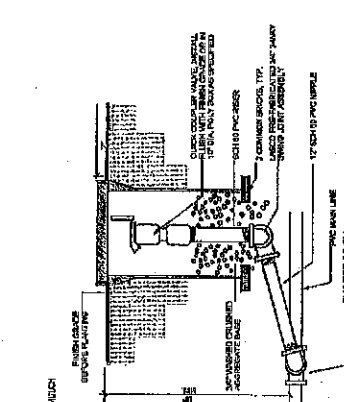
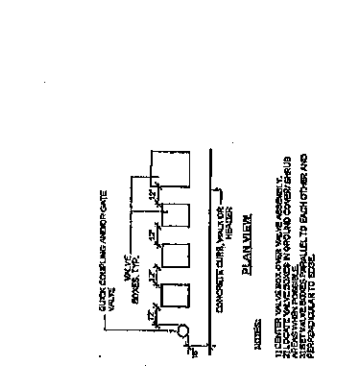
SITE PLAN

FOR
VITTORIO & HENRY BELMONTE
 AT
 60 SHAW AVENUE
 KENWOOD, CALIFORNIA
 A.P.NO. 050-275-028



ANALYSIS • PLANNING • SURVEYING • ENGINEERING
 2582 MENDOCINO AVENUE, SANTA ROSA CA. 95403 (707) 578-2433

DN/7272/02-05-2015



HYDROLOGICAL TABLE

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT
1	1/2" SCH 40 PVC PIPE	100	LINEAL FEET
2	1/2" SCH 40 PVC PIPE	100	LINEAL FEET
3	1/2" SCH 40 PVC PIPE	100	LINEAL FEET
4	1/2" SCH 40 PVC PIPE	100	LINEAL FEET
5	1/2" SCH 40 PVC PIPE	100	LINEAL FEET

INSTALLATION NOTES

1. ALL PIPE SHALL BE 1/2" SCH 40 PVC PIPE.
2. ALL FITTINGS SHALL BE 1/2" SCH 40 PVC FITTINGS.
3. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE MADE WITH PVC GASKETS.
4. ALL PIPE SHALL BE BURIED AT LEAST 18" BELOW FINISH GRADE.
5. ALL PIPE SHALL BE PROTECTED BY 1" POLYETHYLENE GRAFTING (PE-G) PIPE.

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LANDSCAPE DETAILS

LANDSCAPE DETAILS

LANDSCAPE DETAILS

LANDSCAPE DETAILS



J. Kapolchok
+ Associates

Land Use Planning
Urban Design

Received 2-9-18

VJB Vineyard and Cellars
Proposal Statement
Modified Use Permit

January, 2018

Owner/Applicant: Vittorio and Henry Belmonte
VJB Cellars
60 Shaw Avenue
Kenwood, CA

Engineer: Dimensions 4 Engineering, Inc.
2952 Mendocino Avenue, Suite C
Santa Rosa, CA

Legal Counsel Stephen K. Butler
Clement Fitzpatrick & Kenworthy
3333 Mendocino Avenue
Santa Rosa, CA

Land Use Consultant J. Kapolchok & Associates
843 Second Street
Santa Rosa, CA 95404

Traffic Engineer Dalene Whitlock PE, PTOE
W-Trans Transportation Engineers
490 Mendocino Avenue
Santa Rosa, CA

Location: 60 Shaw Avenue and 75 Shaw Avenue
Kenwood, CA 95441

APN: 050-275-028 and 050-275-052

Site Size: ± 1.52 acres (main facility) and .457-acre (off-site parking)

General Plan: Limited Commercial

Area Plan: North Sonoma Valley Area Plan

843 Second Street
Santa Rosa, CA 95404
TEL: 707.526.8939
FAX: 707.526.8985

EMAIL: jkapolchok@sbcglobal.net

EMAIL: jkapolchok@sonomacountylanduse.com

Zoning: C1-SR

Proposal: The request is for a modification to the existing Use Permit to formally acknowledge the uses approved administratively; propose the off-site parking lot as a way of providing additional parking, and update project conditions in accordance with existing uses of the property.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Request:

VJB Vineyards and Cellars requests a modification to an existing Use Permit to acknowledge the outdoor seating area and outdoor kitchen (BBQ), the non-necessity of a right-hand turn-lane, the opening of Maple Avenue for egress only, the reduction of off-site parking along Shaw Avenue, the addition of an off-site parking lot at 75 Shaw Avenue, the deletion of the right to 15 evening special events of 100 guests, and the modification to conditions, as appropriate, to reflect changes in the project, which have occurred over time and by this request.

Location:

The ± 1.52-acre VJB Vineyards and Cellars site (APN 050-275-028) lies southeast of the intersection of State Highway 12 and Shaw Avenue. The project address is 60 Shaw Avenue, Kenwood CA. The .457-acre off-site parking lot parcel (APN 050-275-052) lies approximately 137 ft. south of State Highway 12 and southwest of the intersection of Shaw Avenue and State Highway 12. The address is 75 Shaw Avenue.

Background:

On October 9, 2007 by Resolution No. 07-0846, the Board of Supervisors over-turned the appeal of Samuel K. McHenry and approved a Use Permit for Vittorio and Henry Belmonte on property identified as APN 050-275-028. The Use Permit granted conditional approval for a 3,342sq. ft. market place, wine tasting room, and associated offices; construction of a 1,800sq. ft. wine case storage building, and the designation of an existing residence as a residence secondary to a commercial use. Prior to construction of a left-hand turn-lane onto Shaw Avenue, hours of operation for the market and tasting room are restricted to 10am to 4pm, seven days per week. After construction of a left turn lane onto Shaw Avenue, the permitted hours of operation are seven days per week, from 8am to 5pm for the market place and 11am to 5 pm for the wine tasting room. A maximum of 15 special events per year with a maximum attendance of 100 persons are permitted after construction of the left turn lane. The end time for events is 10pm. With the exception of barbequed food, only catered food may be offered to the guests at special events. No commercial kitchen was permitted. Participation in valley-wide wine events and small evening winemaker dinners and other promotional wine tastings for groups not to exceed 25

attendees were not considered special events and were therefore permitted. Hours of operation for these non-special events must comply with the hours of operation per the Use Permit.

Existing Uses:

The property is developed with the uses as approved under the approved Use Permit (PLP05-0009). Included in the uses are the outdoor pizza oven and barbeque, permitted under PRMD review and building permit; outdoor picnic/dining area per proposal statement; food and wine pairing, permitted as part of the “visitor serving uses” under a C-1 district (restaurant serving alcohol – see staff report, dated March 8, 2007, p. 3); retail store, gelato shop and office (conversion of existing residence – permitted uses under the C-1 district); 37 space paved parking lot; landscaping; and, the paving of 50 ft. from the Stop Sign towards the project entrance along Shaw Avenue.

Requested Project Modifications:

VJB Vineyard and Cellars requests a modification to the existing Use Permit for the:

- Recognition of the outdoor open and partially enclosed picnic/patio/dining areas and partially enclosed outdoor commercial kitchen (BBQ and Pizza oven). Square footages of the dining areas are described in a letter report regarding parking and septic calculations and site graphic prepared by Dimensions 4 Engineering, Inc. The report is dated January 5, 2016, and the graphic is dated December 2015. Both are included as attachments. An updated site plan showing the current seating arrangement and van/limousine drop-off area has also been included.
- Clarification that the preparation and self-service (no wait staff) of cooked food from the barbeque and pizza oven in the outdoor picnic/patio/dining areas can occur on a daily basis.
- The removal of the requirement for a right-hand turn-lane.
- The opening of Maple Avenue for egress, only, per Sonoma County Fire Marshall.
- The reduction of off-site parking along Shaw Avenue through paving of the east side of Shaw Avenue back 50 ft. from the Stop Sign to the entrance and signage as outlined in the conditions of approval.
- Retain the 37 on-site parking spaces. Construct, landscape and fence an off-site parking lot at 75 Shaw Avenue. Said parking lot will yield approximately 53 spaces.
- The development of an off-site parking lot, providing ±53 spaces, at 75 Shaw Avenue for the exclusive use of VJB Vineyards & Cellars.
- A maximum of 6 employees Monday through Thursday; 9 employees on Friday and 16 employees Saturday and Sunday.
- Hours of Operation:
 - 10am to 4pm daily

CEQA Baseline:

The CEQA baseline for the requested modifications is the conditions as they presently exist on the property. Please refer to the letter prepared by Stephen K. Butler, dated January 31, 2017. The only proposed change to existing conditions under this Use Permit modification is the creation of an off-site parking lot to serve VJB Vineyard & Cellars at 75 Shaw Avenue. This parcel is zoned C-1 and designated Limited Commercial.

Requested Condition Modifications:

The applicant requests modification of the following Conditions of Approval placed on PLP05-0009 by Board of Supervisors' Resolution No. 07-0846, adopted October 9, 2007. The reason for the request is to bring PLP05-0009 into conformity with actual practices at the project site which resulted from past administrative authorization from the County Fire Marshal, Sonoma County Department of Transportation and Public Works and PRMD.

Condition 41a. – This condition required the developer to construct or install improvements to create a right-hand turn pocket for eastbound traffic on Shaw Avenue, at the intersection with Highway 12. Construction of the right-hand turn lane would necessitate the relocation of power poles, both to the east and west side of Highway 12. Subsequent to the approval of the use permit, the applicant's traffic engineer submitted a report to Jason Nutt, then director of the County's Department of Transportation and Public Works. On July 10, 2014, Mr. Nutt sent to the project applicant a response to the April 3, 2014 "Focused Traffic Analysis for the VJB Marketplace Modification" prepared by W-Trans and stated that the construction of a right-hand turn lane from Shaw Avenue to Highway 12 was not required based on the minor use permit modifications described in the April 3, 2014, report. In accordance with that understanding, the right-hand turn lane was not installed, due in part to the fact that it was not warranted and the unanticipated cost of having to relocate power poles in connection with construction of the right-hand turn lane. The applicant requests that Condition 41a. be amended to read as follows:

41a. Remove striping of the first two parking spaces on the east side of Shaw Avenue in order to create additional room for cars turning right on Shaw Avenue from eastbound Highway 12. Install "No Parking" signs in the area in which the two parking spaces are removed. The eventual construction of the right-hand turn lane will be coordinated with the implementation of a Highway 12 left turn lane onto Shaw Avenue, if CalTrans pursues a Regional Kenwood Village Implementation Plan with the applicant paying its fair share of required road improvements.

Conditions 41c., d. and e.– The applicant requests the deletion of Conditions 41c. and d. and the Mitigation Monitoring under Condition 41e.

As discussed later herein in connection with Conditions 80 and 86, PRMD is authorized to modify the Conditions of Use Permit Approval for minor adjustments to respond to unforeseen field constraints provided that the goals of these conditions can be safely achieved in some other manner. The applicant has been advised by its consulting engineer and traffic engineer that construction of the left turn lanes anticipated by

Conditions 41c., d. and e. will necessitate the movement of at least six power poles. The consulting engineer advised the applicant that there is insufficient CalTrans right-of-way in order to do the scope of the improvements anticipated by Conditions 41c., d. and e. and to relocate the existing utilities out of the CalTrans right-of-way and onto adjacent real property. Accordingly, it appears to the applicant that fulfillment of the obligation to construct the left-hand turn lanes is legally impossible without obtaining additional right-of-way from adjoining property owners. The applicant has no authority or power to accomplish this requirement. Pursuant to Condition No. 86, the applicant will delete from the prior project description the right to conduct a maximum of 15 special events annually with a maximum attendance of 100 persons. Since the left-hand turn pockets were required as a safety measure to address the conduct of special events up to 100 persons and extension of the hours of operation into the evening peak hours, the applicant believes that the need for Conditions 41c., d. and e. are obviated by deleting vested rights to conduct 15 special events with a maximum attendance of 100 persons and the extended hours of operation.

In addition to the deletion of previously granted rights to events, the applicant also offers to dedicate to CalTrans an additional easement along the project's frontage on Highway 12 to accommodate a one-half section of left-hand turn lane should CalTrans, at some point in the future, choose to improve the entirety of Highway 12 through Kenwood with three lanes.

Condition 47 – Condition No. 47 required the developer to have an improvement plan for Maple Avenue emergency vehicle access prepared and submitted for approval by the County Fire Chief. In accordance with direction given by the County Fire Chief, the improvements to allow access through the project site onto Maple Avenue were made, but the Fire Chief believed that the Maple Avenue access should not only be open to EVA traffic, but also patrons egressing the property onto Maple Avenue. The applicant requests that Condition 47 be modified to read as follows:

The developer shall improve the access onto Maple Avenue in order to allow both emergency vehicle access and an egress only exit for patrons entering the project site from Shaw Avenue and exiting the project site onto Maple Avenue. Signs shall be posted along the Maple Avenue frontage to indicate that no passenger loading or unloading is allowed on Maple Avenue.

Condition 49c. – Condition 49c. required the developer to install signage along the developer's frontage with both Shaw Avenue and Maple Avenue indicating that no vehicle parking would be permitted. The applicant requests modification of Condition 49c to read as follows:

The developer shall install signage indicating that no vehicle parking will be permitted along the developer's frontage with Maple Avenue. The developer shall install signage indicating that no vehicle parking will be allowed in the first two spaces along the frontage of the project site with

Shaw Avenue. For remainder of the frontage with Shaw Avenue, signage will be posted indicating that no passenger loading or unloading may take place on Shaw Avenue. The applicant shall, on weekends, provide an employee to advise individuals attempting to load or unload passengers on both Shaw and Maple Avenues that no passenger loading or unloading is authorized in those areas.

Condition 57 – Condition 57 required the developer to construct public improvements or enter into an improvement agreement and post acceptable security with the County. Improvements were required to be completed prior to occupancy or commencement of the approved activity. The applicant requests modification of Condition No. 57 to read as follows:

To the extent that required public improvements have not yet been completed, the developer shall complete construction of all the required public improvements or enter into an Improvement Agreement and post acceptable security with the County of Sonoma, agreeing to complete the required construction within 24 months. Included in this Improvement Agreement shall be a requirement that the developer enter into an Improvement Maintenance Agreement and post security with the County of Sonoma, to guarantee the improvements for a period of one (1) year after acceptance of the improvements as being complete by the County.

Condition 58 – Describes the uses permitted, required improvements and hours of operation. The applicant requests modification of Condition No. 58 to read as follows:

This Use Permit and Design Review allows the construction of a 3,342square foot marketplace, outdoor dining/picnicking (no wait staff) with wine tasting room and associated offices, and construction of a 1,800square foot wine case storage building. Hours of operation are 10am to 4pm., seven days a week. The previously vested 15 events have been voluntarily removed. The use shall be operated in accordance with the modified proposal statement (January 2018) and revised site plans located in File No. PLP05-0009, as modified by these conditions.

Condition 59 – The applicant requests deletion of several sentences in Condition 59. This request is made for at least two reasons. The first is that the withdrawal of the right to conduct a maximum of 15 special events annually with a maximum attendance of 100 persons is being surrendered by the applicant. This makes much of Condition 59 superfluous. The second reason for this request is that Condition 59 specifically anticipated barbequed food. Construction of the barbeque, pizza oven and related facilities took place in accordance with Building Permit BLD11-4212 dated September 29, 2011. That building permit was subsequently finalized. PRMD approval of final occupancy occurred on August 7, 2012. Since the improvements have been constructed, to the extent that the barbeque and pizza and their related preparation area constitute a commercial kitchen, the improvements are already in place and have been finalized and

cleared for occupancy. The applicant wishes to bring Condition 59 into conformance with actual improvements now located on the project site. The applicant requests that Condition No. 59 be amended to read as follows:

With the exception of barbequed food and sandwiches, only catered food may be offered to guests purchasing food at the deli, pizza or barbeque areas.

Condition 62 – Condition 62 indicated that the Maple Avenue driveway can only be used as an emergency vehicle access. Modification of this condition is requested to conform to modified Condition No. 47, above.

Condition 63 – Condition 63 stated that no pedestrian connections to Shaw Avenue were permitted except for the one immediately adjacent to the project entry drive on Shaw Avenue. The condition called for removing the gate in the stucco wall adjacent to the patio area. Pursuant to direction of the Fire Marshal, the gate and the stucco wall remained in order to allow additional egress from the project site for fire safety purposes. The applicant requests deletion of Condition No. 63.

Conditions 82 and 83 – The applicant requests deletion of Conditions 82 and 83 due to its surrender of its right to conduct 15 special events per year with a maximum attendance of 100 persons.

Conditions 80 and 86 – Conditions 80 and 86 authorized PRMD to modify the Use Permit Conditions of Approval for minor adjustments to respond to unforeseen field constraints provided that the goals of the conditions can be safely achieved in some other manner. A number of the conditions were administratively modified and actual operation of the project site at this time conforms to authorization or direction received from County officials in the past in connection with the use permit.

Additional Conditions of Approval

The applicant requests that the following additional Conditions of Approval be imposed upon the use permit:

1. The applicant shall construct an off-site parking lot for the exclusive use of VJB Vineyards & Cellars on property located at 75 Shaw Avenue; further described as APN: 050-275-052. Said off-site parking lot shall contain ±53 spaces or as many as is reasonably feasible.
2. A van/limousine drop-off area will be located on-site.

LAW OFFICES OF
CLEMENT, FITZPATRICK & KENWORTHY
INCORPORATED

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SANTA ROSA, CALIFORNIA 95403

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STEPHEN K. BUTLER

February 14, 2017

VIA EMAIL AND U.S. MAIL

jkapolchok@sbcglobal.net

Jean Kapolchok
Jean Kapolchok & Associates
843 2nd Street
Santa Rosa, CA 95404

Re: *VJB Winery/CEQA Environmental Baseline*

Dear Ms. Kapolchok:

You have inquired whether the existing conditions at the VJB Winery and the use of the facilities in connection therewith, may be appropriately established as the CEQA environmental baseline for purposes of reviewing the pending use permit modification. This issue, fortunately, was recently clarified by the California Supreme Court in *Neighbors for Smart Rail v. Exposition Metro Line Construction Authority* (2013) 57 Cal. 4th 439.

In discussing a comprehensive review of the appropriate CEQA baseline to be used in any given case, the court in *Smart Rail* held, on pages 454 and 455, as follows:

"The need to justify omission of an existing conditions analysis derives in part from the CEQA Guidelines, which clearly establish that the norm for an EIR is analysis against a baseline of existing conditions. In addition to Guideline section 15125(a), which expressly so provides, the Guidelines provide that an EIR 'should normally limit its examination to changes in the *existing* physical conditions in the affected area.' . . . The CEQA Guidelines establish the default of an existing conditions baseline even for projects expected to be in operation for many years or decades."

The existing physical condition of VJB Winery is the operation of the winery and associated amenities in accordance with previously issued permits by Sonoma County's PRMD. Accordingly, the traffic analysis associated with the project should compare the existing trip generation of the various components of the project against that level of trip generation associated with the proposed modification. Mr. Belmonte acted in good faith upon

the issuance of permits by PRMD in order to establish his existing operation and CEQA baseline.

Even if Mr. Belmonte's application was wrongly characterized to legalize existing uses, the existing conditions baseline would still be the appropriate baseline. In *Kenneth F. Fat, et al. v. County of Sacramento and Sunset Sky Ranch Pilots Association* (2002) 97 Cal.App.4th 1270, the Court of Appeal held that even though an airport had been illegally expanded over and above previously issued County permits, the existing conditions baseline was still the appropriate CEQA baseline to use (*Kenneth F. Fat* at pp. 1280, 1281).

"In light of the foregoing cases, the amendment to section 15125, subdivision (a) of the Guidelines, and the circumstances of this case, we conclude County did not abuse its discretion in approving the negative declaration and issuing the CUP. First, County followed the required procedures. The initial study represents an objective, good faith effort to comply with CEQA. (*Sundstrom, supra*, 202 Cal.App.3d at p. 305.) It describes the existing environmental setting, and the limited impact of the proposed expansion project. . . . Although the Airport developed over a period of nearly 30 years without County authorization, there was evidence of environmental damage during that period, and the Airport has been the subject of at least two zoning enforcement actions, the Pilots finally applied for the CIP in 1997 to resolve its lengthy dispute with the County. County could reasonably view the Pilots' application as an opportunity to bring the Airport development under some level of County supervision for the first time."

It is also well settled that the establishment of a CEQA baseline is a discretionary decision which, if supported by substantial evidence, will be upheld by the courts. *North County Advocates v. City of Carlsbad* (2015) 241 Cal. App. 4th 94, 105-106:

"(5) Like *Cherry Valley* and unlike *Communities for a Better Environment*, the City's selection of a traffic baseline that assumed full occupancy of the Robinsons-May space was not merely hypothetical because it was not based solely on Westfield's entitlement to reoccupy the Robinsons-May building 'at anytime without discretionary action,' but was also based on the actual historical operation of the space at full occupancy for more than 30 years up until 2006. . . .

The City's decision to base the traffic baseline on historical occupancy rates is further supported by substantial evidence consisting of SANDAG (San Diego Association of Government) data on such use levels.

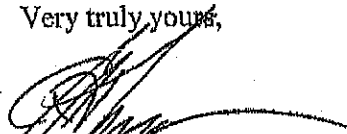
Therefore, we conclude substantial evidence supports the City's exercise of discretion in selecting a traffic baseline that assumed a fully occupied Robinsons-May building."

Jean Kapolchok
Jean Kapolchok & Associates
February 14, 2017
Page 3

In this case, Mr. Belmonte's operation is fully occupied, unlike the situation in *North County Advocates*. This further underscores the propriety of using the existing trip generation associated with the project site as the appropriate CEQA baseline.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to call.

Very truly yours,



STEPHEN K. BUTLER

SKB/pd
c: Dalene Whitlock
W-Trans
Blake Hillegas, Planning Supervisor
Sonoma County PRMD
Jeff Brax, Chief Deputy County Counsel
Office of the Sonoma County Counsel
client



*Received
2-9-18*

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January 5, 2016

**Subject: VJB Cellars
60 Shaw Avenue
Kenwood, CA**

Dear Mr. Henry Belmonte

Per your request, I am providing this revised parking and dining area findings report along with subsequent septic findings report for the subject property.

Parking Findings:

The square footage of the dining area has been calculated per your request. The total dining area calculates to 3,174sqft which includes the main picnic area, bar area, covered area adjacent to the wine cellar, and the area in front of the gelato bar. With the requirement of 1 parking stall per 60sqft of dining area, along with tasting room, market, office and retail space, the parking requirement is 65 stalls. By utilizing the area previously reserved for mound expansions(to be relocated to the northwest pending grease trap permit application SEP15-0421 submitted 7/6/15), the total available on lot parking spaces is proposed to be increased to a total of 60, an increase of 23 spaces from the existing layout currently at 37 total spaces. See figures below and attached map. There can be 60 total on-lot and there is a contract with a local dental office for an additional 12, contract completed. There is also a minimum of 6 spots granted from the church, contract forthcoming. Thus there is a total commitment of 78 spaces. Please note that valet service has been in place since March of 2015 and would allow for an additional 50 spaces.

FIGURE 1. DINING AND USE AREAS TOTALS

Location	Dimensions	Area/sq. ft.	Code: space/sq. ft.	Required Parking
Main picnic area	57'x30'	1710	60	29.00
Bar Area	27'x20'	540	60	9.00
Covered Area	60'x13'	780	60	13.00
Area in front of gelato	12'x12'	144	60	2.40
Tasting Room	20'x24'	480	60	8.00
Market	17'x25'	425	200	2.12
Office #1	13.7'x12'	164.4	250	.65
Office #2	12'x10'	120	250	.48
Tommy Bahama	10'x13'	130	250	.52
		Total		65.00

Additionally, VJB has arranged to have the use of an overflow parking area at a nearby winery. The winery is Wellington Winery located at 11524 Dunbar Road, Glen Ellen, Ca. located 2.4 miles from the VJB site. Wellington Winery is a small winery facility encompassing approximately 865 square feet and requires 5 spaces for visitors and a single employee. The site has an open graded parking area that covers approximately 30,000 square feet. This area provides parking space for approximately 40 or more vehicles or 35 more spaces than required.

It is the intent of VJB to park their 6 employees at Wellington and arrange an Employee shuttle for each of the three work shifts. This will alleviate employees from parking in 6 of the visitor parking spaces through each work day and create more parking spaces for visitors.

Septic Findings:

As stated earlier in our findings report, the Class 1 PD system is designed for a maximum flow of 607 gallons per day. This number was originally based on 7 employees at 15gal/day and 100 guests at 5gal/customer. This system is only used by guests and kitchen waste. Thus it is proposed that this system be officially declared only for the 100 guests and kitchen waste. Usage data for the past few years show that the septic system was on average utilized less than 50% of maximum capacity. Even with conservative calculations, the daily flow calculates to 300 gallons per day, which is just under half of what the system is designed for. All kitchen waste and guest restroom use goes to this system. The addition of a grease trap to the pressure distributed system ensures that the strength of the kitchen waste flow will be mitigated and periodic pumping will ensure none of that waste can reach the disposal field. The three functions of the PD system are the wine tasting room, the short order deli, and the BBQ/pizza grill. All of these functions are very low water usage which is shown by the documented usage rates of the past 2 years. For all intents and purposes, the three food prep areas are all service for the same dining area. The space (square footage) and number of seats dictates the total number of guests that can be patrons for any of the food or drink services.

The existing class III standard system is utilized only by the employees and office staff with no kitchen waste entering it. This system is currently designed for a maximum capacity of 300 gallons per day, which at 15gal/day equates to 20 employees. The office space, tasting room, deli, gelato bar, BBQ bar area, and the Tommy Bahama store consists of 11 total employees, underutilizing the system to approximately half capacity. There is extensive information and empirical evidence that the current system is working satisfactory and water usage is well below average.

Figure 2. Septic Monitoring Information On File at PRMD

Date	Dose Counter Reading	Number of Doses	Days Between Dose Check	Doses Per Day	Gallons Per Day	Percentage of System Designed Usage
5/9/2012	131					
6/11/2013	906	775	395	1.96	200	33%
3/12/2014	1578	672	281	2.39	244	40%
10/11/2014	2126	548	190	2.88	294	48%
3/11/2015	2432	306	150	2.04	208	34%

Figure 3. Kenwood Water Company Water usage data

VJB Total Water Usage Including Irrigation of Vegetation			
Total Property Rated for 907 gal/day			
2014	FT ³	Gal/month	Gal/day(30days)
Feb	1969	14728	491
March	2397	17930	598
April	2745	20533	684
May	2967	22193	740
June	2871	21475	716
July	3357	25110	837
August	2878	21527	718
Sept	3605	26965	899
Oct	3034	22694	756
Nov	2483	18573	619
Dec	2449	18319	611

In summary, the proposed grease trap addition to the class I PD system will serve to mitigate the strength of the kitchen waste. There is no doubt that the system is fully functioning with no issues. The mound relocation will serve to allow for the additional parking required to suit the needs of the square footage of the dining area. This will alleviate the concerns of the neighbors and ensure a safer traffic flow. During the October 29th meeting, Mario Kalson and Gabriel Felix had stated that an administrative waiver would be granted to allow for a decreased setback to the mound expansion area from 25feet to 15feet allowing for the additional required parking.

Sincerely,

DIMENSIONS 4 ENGINEERING, INC.

By: _____
Sam Edwards, EIT

By: _____
Dan Wright, RCE

cc: File



Draft Report

Traffic Impact Study for the VJB Vineyard and Cellars

in the
County of Sonoma

February 1, 2018

490 Mendocino Avenue, Suite 201 **SANTA ROSA**, CA 95401 707.542.9500

505 17th Street, 2nd Floor **OAKLAND**, CA 94612 510.444.2600

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Executive Summary

The VJB Vineyard and Cellar opened in 2012 under a Conditional Use Permit (CUP) approved in 2009. The current proposal would modify some aspects of this 2009 CUP to better fit with operation as it has evolved over time. While the continued operation is essentially unchanged, the application would limit operating hours to 10:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., would limit the number of employees, would modify access by limiting the Maple Avenue driveway to egress only, would adjust the parking supply to include a lot on the opposite side of Shaw Avenue, and would eliminate some requirements for off-site improvements to the adjacent street system.

Based on counts performed at the site, the project currently generates 28 trips during the morning peak hour, 38 trips during the evening peak hour, and 88 trips during the weekend peak hour. Although the weekday peak hour trips would be reduced to only those associated with employees with the proposed operating hours, upon conservatively adding these existing trips to existing and future volumes without the project, the study intersections are expected to operate acceptably with the exception of the northbound Shaw Avenue approach to SR 12, which is expected to operate at LOS E under future p.m. peak hour volumes both without and with the project. Because the increase in delay associated with adding project trips is less than five seconds, the project has a less-than-significant impact in terms of traffic operation. It is further noted that the analysis was based on the current trip generation, while the trip generation with the proposed changes to the CUP would be less, making this a conservative analysis that overstates the project's impact.

Under the current Conditions of Approval (COA), the project was required to install a left-turn lane on SR 12 at Shaw Avenue and a right-turn lane on Shaw Avenue at SR 12. Based on the analysis performed, and given the proposed limits to operating hours, it is recommended that both of these requirements be rescinded. It is recommended that in lieu of the left-turn pocket the applicant investigate the feasibility of installing improvements along the northerly side of SR 12 by widening the shoulder to provide space that could be used to pass a vehicle waiting to turn into Shaw Avenue.

The project is expected to generate a nominal number of pedestrian trips, though visitors will need to walk across Shaw Avenue to get to the site from the off-site parking lot. Given the low volumes and low speed on Shaw Avenue, installation of a mid-block crosswalk, as has been suggested by staff, is not recommended. It is recommended that the site provide at least 18 bicycle parking spaces to accommodate visitors on bicycles.

Introduction

This report presents an analysis of the potential traffic impacts associated with the proposed modifications to the existing Use Permit for VJB Vineyards and Cellars located at 60 Shaw Avenue in the community of Kenwood in the County of Sonoma. The traffic study was completed in accordance with the criteria established by the County of Sonoma, and is consistent with standard traffic engineering techniques.

Prelude

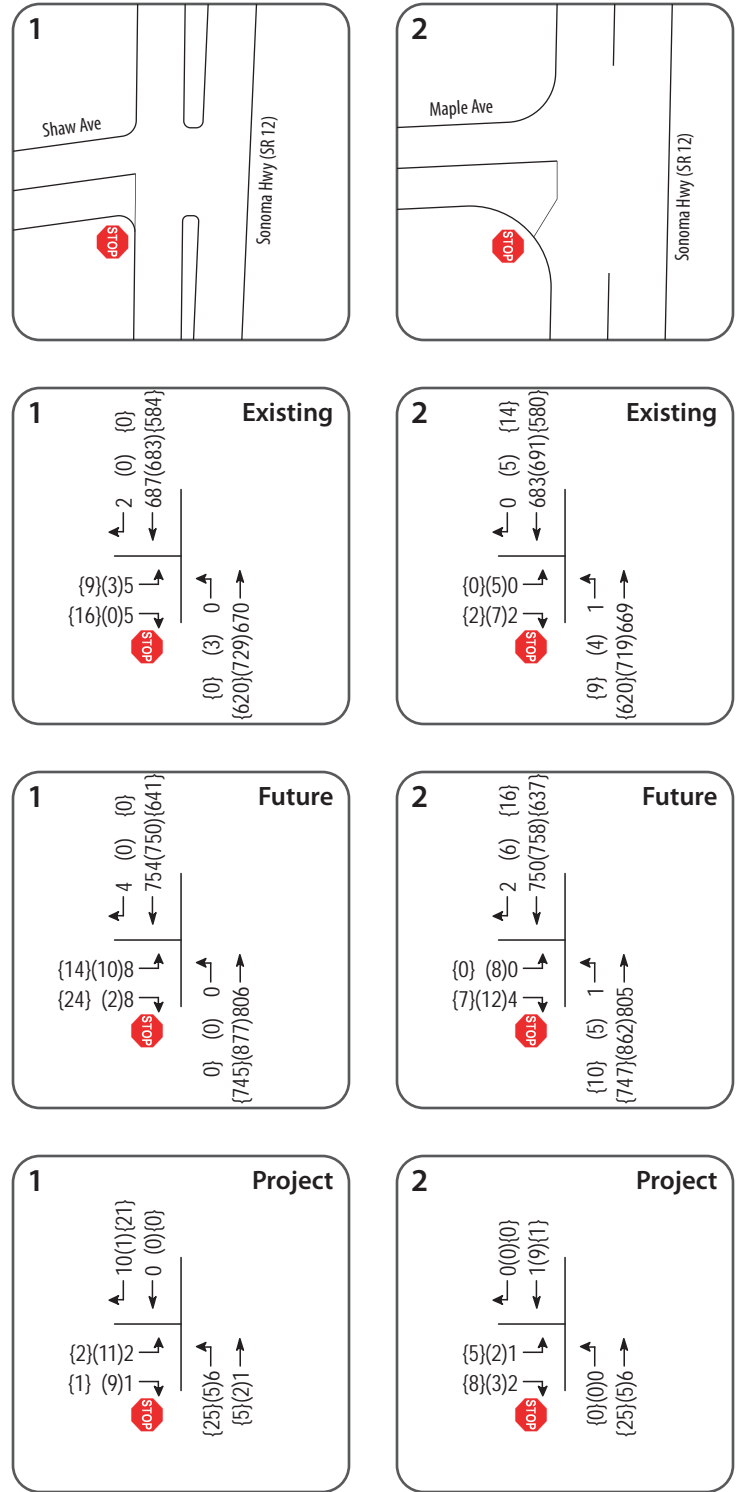
The purpose of a traffic impact study is to provide County staff and policy makers with data that they can use to make an informed decision regarding the potential traffic impacts of a proposed project, and any associated improvements that would be required in order to mitigate these impacts to a level of insignificance as defined by the County's General Plan or other policies. Vehicular traffic impacts are typically evaluated by determining the number of new trips that the proposed use would be expected to generate, distributing these trips to the surrounding street system based on existing travel patterns or anticipated travel patterns specific to the proposed project, then analyzing the impact the new traffic would be expected to have on critical intersections or roadway segments. Impacts relative to access for pedestrians, bicyclists, and to transit are also addressed.

Project Profile

The project site is developed with the uses as approved in 2009 and as interpreted by the Permits and Resource Management Department (PRMD) since that date, including an outdoor pizza oven and barbeque; outdoor picnic/dining area; food and wine pairing; and retail store, gelato shop and office. Various modifications to the Use Permit as approved are requested, as follows.

- Elimination of the requirement for a right-turn lane on the Shaw Avenue approach to SR 12.
- Elimination of the requirement for a left-turn lane on the westbound SR 12 approach to Shaw Avenue.
- The opening of Maple Avenue for egress, only, per Sonoma County Fire Marshall.
- The reduction of off-site parking along Shaw Avenue through paving of the east side of Shaw Avenue back 50 feet from the stop sign to the entrance and signage as outlined in the conditions of approval.
- The development of an off-site parking lot, providing 53 spaces, at 75 Shaw Avenue for the exclusive use of VJB Vineyards & Cellars.
- A maximum of 6 employees (full time equivalent) Monday through Thursday; 9 employees on Friday and 16 employees Saturday and Sunday.
- Change the hours of operation to 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. daily.

The project site location is shown in Figure 1.



LEGEND

- Study Intersection
- xx Weekday AM Peak Hour Volume
- ((xx)) Weekday PM Peak Hour Volume
- {xx} Weekend PM Peak Hour Volume

Traffic Impact Study for the VJB Vineyard and Cellars
Figure 1 – Study Area, Lane Configurations, and Traffic Volumes



Transportation Setting

Operational Analysis

Study Area and Periods

The study area consists of the following intersections:

1. SR 12/Shaw Avenue
2. SR 12/Maple Avenue

Operating conditions during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak periods as well as the weekend midday peak period were evaluated to capture the highest potential impacts for the proposed project as well as the highest volumes on the local transportation network. The morning peak hour occurs between 7:00 and 9:00 a.m. and reflects conditions during the home to work or school commute, while the p.m. peak hour occurs between 4:00 and 6:00 p.m. and typically reflects the highest level of congestion during the homeward bound commute. The weekend midday peak period occurs between noon and 2:00 p.m.

Study Intersections

SR 12/Shaw Avenue is a tee intersection with the Shaw Avenue approach stop-controlled.

SR 12/Maple Avenue is a stop-controlled tee intersection.

The locations of the study intersections and the existing lane configurations and controls are shown in Figure 1.

Study Roadways

SR 12 in the vicinity of the proposed project is a two-lane road running in a north-south alignment with narrow shoulders and a posted speed limit of 45 miles per hour (mph). Traffic volumes published by Caltrans on their website indicate an average daily volume of approximately 16,900 vehicles per day. There is an existing center/left-turn lane on SR 12 for about 350 feet in the vicinity of Randolph Avenue, northwest of Shaw Avenue.

Shaw Avenue and Maple Avenue have posted speed limits of 25 mph and are unimproved residential two-lane roads with limited room for parking on the shoulders.

Collision History

The collision history for the study area was reviewed to determine any trends or patterns that may indicate a safety issue. Collision rates were calculated based on records available from the California Highway Patrol as published in their Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS) reports. The most current five-year period available is January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2016.

As presented in Table 1, the calculated collision rates for the study intersections were compared to average collision rates for similar facilities statewide, as indicated in *2013 Collision Data on California State Highways*, California Department of Transportation (Caltrans). Both study intersections have actual rates that are lower than the corresponding Statewide rates, indicating that operation is generally consistent with anticipated safety conditions. The collision rate calculations are provided in Appendix A.

Table 1 – Collision Rates at the Study Intersections

Study Intersection	Number of Collisions (2012-2016)	Calculated Collision Rate (c/mve)	Statewide Average Collision Rate (c/mve)
1. SR 12/Shaw Ave	3	0.11	0.14
2. SR 12/Maple Ave	2	0.08	0.14

Note: c/mve = collisions per million vehicles entering

Alternative Modes

Pedestrian Facilities

Pedestrian facilities include sidewalks, crosswalks, pedestrian signal phases, curb ramps, curb extensions, and various streetscape amenities such as lighting, benches, etc. In general, there are limited pedestrian facilities in the vicinity of the project site. Existing gaps and obstacles along the connecting roadways impact convenient and continuous access for pedestrians and present safety concerns in those locations where appropriate pedestrian infrastructure would address potential conflict points.

- **SR 12** – Six- to eight-foot shoulders exist on both sides of SR 12 and are used by pedestrians to access bus stops near the intersections of SR 12 and Laurel Avenue and SR 12 and Greene Street.
- **Shaw Avenue** – There are no sidewalks on Shaw Avenue, so pedestrians walk along the shoulder, where such exists, or in the roadway. Given the low speed, low volume, and straight, flat alignment that provides good sight distance, the current conditions are adequate to serve the limited volume of pedestrian traffic.

Bicycle Facilities

The *Highway Design Manual*, Caltrans, 2017, classifies bikeways into four categories:

- **Class I Multi-Use Path** – a completely separated right-of-way for the exclusive use of bicycles and pedestrians with cross flows of motorized traffic minimized.
- **Class II Bike Lane** – a striped and signed lane for one-way bike travel on a street or highway.
- **Class III Bike Route** – signing only for shared use with motor vehicles within the same travel lane on a street or highway.
- **Class IV Bikeway** – also known as a separated bikeway, a Class IV Bikeway is for the exclusive use of bicycles and includes a separation between the bikeway and the motor vehicle traffic lane. The separation may include, but is not limited to, grade separation, flexible posts, inflexible physical barriers, or on-street parking.

There are currently no designated bicycle facilities in the immediate vicinity of the winery, though SR 12 has shoulders of at least six feet in width delineated by an edgeline stripe that is used by cyclists. The roadway is identified as having a Class I bike path in the future per the *2014 Sonoma County Bicycle Pedestrian Master Plan*, and the existing right-of-way width appears to be adequate to accommodate this planned future widening.

Transit Facilities

Sonoma County Transit (SCT) provides fixed route bus service in the County of Sonoma. SCT Routes 30 and 34 provide regional service to destinations throughout Santa Rosa and Sonoma Valley and stop on both sides of Sonoma Highway at Greene Street, about one-quarter mile to the west. Route 30 operates seven days a week with approximately one-and-a-half hour headways on weekdays between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. and approximately 3-hour headways on weekends from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Two to three bicycles can be carried on most SCT buses. Bike rack space is on a first come, first served basis. Additional bicycles are allowed on SCT buses at the discretion of the driver.

Dial-a-ride, also known as paratransit, or door-to-door service, is available for those who are unable to independently use the transit system due to a physical or mental disability. SCT Paratransit is designed to serve the needs of individuals with disabilities within Santa Rosa and the greater County of Sonoma area.

DRAFT

Capacity Analysis

Intersection Level of Service Methodologies

Level of Service (LOS) is used to rank traffic operation on various types of facilities based on traffic volumes and roadway capacity using a series of letter designations ranging from A to F. Generally, Level of Service A represents free flow conditions and Level of Service F represents forced flow or breakdown conditions. A unit of measure that indicates a level of delay generally accompanies the LOS designation. The study intersections were analyzed using the unsignalized methodology for two-way stop-controlled intersections published in the *Highway Capacity Manual (HCM)*, Transportation Research Board, 2000. This source contains methodologies for various types of intersection control, all of which are related to a measurement of delay in average number of seconds per vehicle.

The “Two-Way Stop-Controlled” intersection capacity method determines a level of service for each minor turning movement by estimating the level of average delay in seconds per vehicle. Results are presented for individual movements together with the weighted overall average delay for the intersection. The ranges of delay associated with the various levels of service are indicated in Table 2.

Table 2 – Two-Way Stop-Controlled Intersection Level of Service Criteria

LOS A	Delay of 0 to 10 seconds. Gaps in traffic are readily available for drivers exiting the minor street.
LOS B	Delay of 10 to 15 seconds. Gaps in traffic are somewhat less readily available than with LOS A, but no queuing occurs on the minor street.
LOS C	Delay of 15 to 25 seconds. Acceptable gaps in traffic are less frequent, and drivers may approach while another vehicle is already waiting to exit the side street.
LOS D	Delay of 25 to 35 seconds. There are fewer acceptable gaps in traffic, and drivers may enter a queue of one or two vehicles on the side street.
LOS E	Delay of 35 to 50 seconds. Few acceptable gaps in traffic are available, and longer queues may form on the side street.
LOS F	Delay of more than 50 seconds. Drivers may wait for long periods before there is an acceptable gap in traffic for exiting the side streets, creating long queues.

Reference: *Highway Capacity Manual*, Transportation Research Board, 2000

Traffic Operation Standards

Because SR 12 and its intersections are under the jurisdiction of Caltrans, the applicable standards for both agencies were considered.

County of Sonoma

Based on the most recent criteria published by the County of Sonoma in May 2016, the project would have a significant traffic impact if it results in any of the following conditions.

1. **On-site roads and frontage improvements** – Proposed on-site circulation and street frontage would not meet the County’s minimum standards for roadway or driveway design, or potentially result in safety hazards, as determined by the County in consultation with a registered Traffic Engineer or Civil Engineer.
2. **Parking** – Proposed on-site parking supply does not meet County standards and does not adequately accommodate parking demand.

3. **Emergency Access** – The project site would have inadequate emergency access.
4. **Alternative Transportation** – The project provides inadequate facilities for alternative transportation modes (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks, pedestrian pathways) and/or the project creates potential conflicts with the County's Complete Streets Policy, other adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation.
5. **Road Hazards** – Road design features that do not meet standards (e.g., sharp curves or skewed intersections) or any perceived incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment, major bicycle route, rail or pedestrian crossings).
6. **Vehicle Queues** – Project causes or exacerbates 95th percentile turning movement queues exceeding available turn pocket capacity.
7. **Signal Warrants** – The addition of the project's vehicle or pedestrian traffic causes an intersection to meet or exceed Caltrans or CA-MUTCD signal warrant criteria.
8. **Turn Lanes** – The addition of project traffic causes an intersection to meet or exceed criteria for provision of a right or left turn lane on an intersection approach.
9. **Sight Lines** – The project constructs an unsignalized intersection (including driveways) and/or adds traffic to an existing unsignalized intersection approach that does not have adequate sight lines based upon Caltrans criteria for State highway intersections and AASHTO criteria for County roadway intersections.
10. **County Intersection Operations** – The County level of service standard for County intersection operations is to maintain a Level of Service D or better pursuant to General Plan Policy CT-4.2. The project would have a significant traffic impact if the project's traffic would cause an intersection currently operating at an acceptable level of service (LOS D or better) to operate at an unacceptable level (LOS E or worse).

If the intersection currently operates or is projected to operate below the County standard, the project's impact is considered significant and cumulatively considerable if it causes the average delay to increase by five seconds or more. The delay will be determined by comparing intersection operations with and without the project's traffic for both the existing baseline and projected future conditions.

The above criteria applies to all controlled intersections except for driveways and minor side streets that have less than 30 vehicle trips per hour per approach or exclusive left turn movement.

11. **County Roadway Operations** – The County level of service standard for County roadway operations is to maintain a Level of Service C pursuant to General Plan Policy CT-4.1; or, for specific roadway segments, the level of service standard adopted in the General Plan Figure CT-3. The project would have a significant traffic impact if the project's traffic would cause a road currently operating at an acceptable level of service (LOS C or better) to operate at an unacceptable level (LOS D or worse).

If a road segment currently operates or is projected to operate below the County standard, the project's impact is considered significant and cumulatively considerable if it causes the average speed to decrease by 2 mph for a roadway operating at LOS D without the project, 1 mph if existing operation is LOS E, and any reduction in travel speed is significant for a roadway operating at LOS F. The change will be determined by comparing roadway conditions with and without the project's traffic for both the existing baseline and projected future conditions.

12. **State Highways** – Caltrans' general level of service policy on State highways is to maintain the level of service at the transition between LOS C and LOS D. However, level of service goals for specific Caltrans facilities should be taken from transportation planning documents for that facility. A project would have a significant impact if the project traffic would cause the operation of a State highway to operate below LOS C. If a State highway currently operates or is projected to operate below the standard, the project's impact is considered

significant and cumulatively considerable if it does not maintain the existing "measure of effectiveness." Measures of effectiveness are: (a) control delay per vehicle for signalized intersections; (b) average control delay per vehicle for unsignalized intersections; (c) average speed for two-lane highways, and (d) density for multi-lane highways.

13. **Mitigation Measures** – In order to reduce project impacts to levels of insignificance, the proposed mitigation measures must result in post-development affected intersections and roadways that have an LOS that is no worse than the County General Plan LOS standard for roadways and intersections, reduce safety impacts to insignificance by bringing the site up to Caltrans or AASHTO design standards, and provide adequate parking and alternative transportation facilities consistent with County plans and policies. The scope of the mitigation measures must reduce the project impacts below the identifiable thresholds mentioned.

The payment of County wide traffic impact fees in and of itself may not be adequate to mitigate a project's local impacts if the existing facilities are already below standard, and the required improvements are not fully funded or programmed to be operational at the time of project completion. The timing of the mitigation measure implementation may require construction of off-site improvements by the developer using a Reimbursement Agreement to pay for any oversized facilities associated with the public share of the improvement pursuant to Section 26-670 of the Sonoma County Code. Traffic impact fees do not address specific impacts related to a particular project. Payment of the traffic impact fee only mitigates or addresses cumulative countywide impacts related to projects that are programmed or listed to be funded by the fees on file with DTPW.

The project's contribution to cumulative impacts must also be addressed in proportion to the project's impact. A proportional fair share contribution to a traffic improvement related to a cumulative impact may be required based on the "Methodology for Calculating Equitable Mitigation Measures" included in Caltrans' *Guide for the Preparation of Traffic Impact Studies* as referenced above. Mitigation measures for both project impacts and cumulative impacts must be implemented prior to occurrence of the impact. An analysis of the timing, funding and responsibilities for implementation of mitigation measures should be included in the traffic study.

Caltrans

Caltrans indicates that they endeavor to maintain operation at the transition from LOS C to LOS D. Based on previous discussions with Caltrans staff, it is understood that the standard is to be applied to the overall average intersection delay and *not* that associated with any single movement or approach. Under this approach, if one movement experiences very high delay and also has moderate to high traffic volumes, the overall delay and level of service should reflect the critical nature of the condition. However, if one movement is expected to experience high delay, but has very low traffic volumes, the overall intersection operation will likely still meet Caltrans standards.

Existing Conditions

The Existing Conditions scenario provides an evaluation of current operation based on existing traffic volumes during the three study periods. This condition does not include project-generated traffic volumes, which were subtracted out of volume data collected on September 16 and 21, 2017 because all of the activities associated with the proposed Conditional Use Permit modification are already occurring, so their traffic is included in current traffic streams. Copies of the counts are provided in Appendix B.

Intersection Levels of Service

Under existing conditions with project traffic excluded, both study intersections are operating at LOS D or better both overall and on the stop-controlled approach. The existing traffic volumes are shown in Figure 1. A summary

of the intersection level of service calculations is contained in Table 3, and copies of the Level of Service calculations are provided in Appendix C.

Table 3 – Existing Peak Hour Intersection Levels of Service

Study Intersection Approach	AM Peak		PM Peak		Weekend Peak	
	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS
1. SR 12/Shaw Ave <i>Northbound (Shaw Ave) Approach</i>	0.2 <i>23.2</i>	A <i>C</i>	0.1 <i>30.0</i>	A <i>D</i>	0.3 <i>17.1</i>	A <i>C</i>
2. SR 12/Maple Ave <i>Northbound (Maple Ave) Approach</i>	0.0 <i>13.5</i>	A <i>B</i>	0.2 <i>21.7</i>	A <i>C</i>	0.1 <i>12.2</i>	A <i>B</i>

Notes: Delay is measured in average seconds per vehicle; LOS = Level of Service; Results for minor approaches to two-way stop-controlled intersections are indicated in *italics*

Future Conditions

Segment volumes for the horizon year of 2040 were obtained from the County's gravity demand model as maintained by the Sonoma County Transportation Authority, and translated to turning movement volumes at the study intersections of SR 12/Shaw Avenue and SR 12/Maple Avenue. Because there were no volumes available for Shaw Avenue and Maple Avenue in the County's model, growth factors per approach were calculated based on 2010 and 2040 model volumes on Warm Springs Road and applied to existing volumes at the Shaw and Maple Avenue approaches to arrive at future volumes. The growth factor calculation is provided with the counts in Appendix B.

Under the anticipated Future volumes, the study intersections are expected to operate acceptably at LOS A overall, and generally at LOS D or better on the side-street approaches. The one exception is that the northbound Shaw Avenue approach to SR 12 is expected to operate at LOS E, which is considered unacceptable under the County's standards, though acceptable due to the overall LOS A operation per Caltrans standards. Future volumes are shown in Figure 1 and operating conditions are summarized in Table 4.

Table 4 – Future Peak Hour Intersection Levels of Service

Study Intersection Approach	AM Peak		PM Peak		Weekend Peak	
	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS
1. SR 12/Shaw Ave <i>Northbound (Shaw Ave) Approach</i>	0.3 <i>30.4</i>	A <i>D</i>	0.3 36.9	A E	0.6 <i>20.9</i>	A <i>C</i>
2. SR 12/Maple Ave <i>Northbound (Maple Ave) Approach</i>	0.0 <i>14.4</i>	A <i>B</i>	0.4 <i>27.0</i>	A <i>D</i>	0.1 <i>12.9</i>	A <i>B</i>

Notes: Delay is measured in average seconds per vehicle; LOS = Level of Service; Results for minor approaches to two-way stop-controlled intersections are indicated in *italics*; **Bold** text = deficient operation

Project Description

The project consists of changes to the Conditional Use Permit for the VJB Vineyards and Cellars to reflect operation as it has evolved over time and to address requests to modify several Conditions of Approval placed on the project. The specific components of the project addressed in the analysis include elimination of the right-turn lane on the Shaw Avenue approach to SR 12, the opening of Maple Avenue for egress only, and the development of an off-site parking lot, providing 53 spaces, at 75 Shaw Avenue for the exclusive use of VJB Vineyards & Cellars. Operational changes include limiting staff to a maximum of six full-time equivalent employees Monday through Thursday; nine on Friday and 16 Saturday and Sunday, and revision of the hours of operation to 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

daily. Because the changes to the Use Permit would bring the current operation into compliance with existing conditions, the project trips are already on the street network. The actual counts obtained on Thursday, September 21, 2017 and Saturday, September 16, 2017 were therefore used to represent “plus Project” conditions.

Trip Generation

The trip generation for the project was developed based on counts obtained at the site during each of the peak periods. All persons entering or leaving the site were observed, and inbound and outbound vehicle counts determined, with outbound trips via the driveway to Maple Avenue counted separately. Based on the counts obtained, the site is currently generating 34 trips during the a.m. peak hour, 38 during the p.m. peak hour, and 111 during the weekend peak hour. These results are shown in Table 5, and these are the volumes that were subtracted from the actual counts to arrive at the volumes used to evaluate “Existing” conditions.

Table 5 – Trip Generation Summary

Land Use	AM Peak Hour			PM Peak Hour			Weekend Peak Hour		
	Trips	In	Out	Trips	In	Out	Trips	In	Out
VJB	28	19	9	38	10	28	88	64	24

Note: Trip generation based on count of actual site-generated trips.

Trip Distribution

As the actual numbers of trips were counted for each peak period while the turning movement counts were being collected, the pattern used to allocate the project trips to the street network was determined based on the turning movement counts. Based on the site counts, 55 percent of outbound trips were assigned to Maple Avenue, with the remaining 45 percent using Shaw Avenue. All inbound trips were assigned to Shaw Avenue.

Intersection Operation

Existing plus Project Conditions

Upon the addition of project-related traffic to the Existing volumes, the study intersections are expected to continue operating acceptably at LOS D or better both overall and on the side-street approaches. These results are summarized in Table 6. Project traffic volumes are shown in Figure 1.

Table 6 – Existing plus Project Peak Hour Intersection Levels of Service

Study Intersection Approach	AM Peak		PM Peak		Weekend Peak	
	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS
1. SR 12/Shaw Ave <i>Northbound (Shaw Ave) Approach</i>	0.3 <i>25.1</i>	A <i>D</i>	0.5 <i>25.9</i>	A <i>D</i>	0.6 <i>19.0</i>	A <i>C</i>
3. SR 12/Maple Ave <i>Northbound (Maple Ave) Approach</i>	0.1 <i>17.0</i>	A <i>C</i>	0.3 <i>22.4</i>	A <i>C</i>	0.3 <i>17.0</i>	A <i>C</i>

Notes: Delay is measured in average seconds per vehicle; LOS = Level of Service; Results for minor approaches to two-way stop-controlled intersections are indicated in *italics*; ** = delay greater than 120 seconds; **Bold** text = deficient operation; Shaded cells = conditions with recommended improvements

Finding – The study intersections are expected to continue operating acceptably at the same levels of service upon the addition of project-generated traffic. Because the side street approach is operating acceptably with project traffic

added, as indicated by the actual counts used for this analysis, there is no need to provide a right-turn lane on Shaw Avenue at SR 12, as was required of the project under its current Use Permit. This requirement could be eliminated, as is being requested as part of the modification request, while still maintaining acceptable operation.

Recommendation – The requirement for the project to install a right-turn lane on Shaw Avenue to accommodate project-generated traffic should be rescinded.

Future plus Project Conditions

Upon the addition of project-generated traffic to the anticipated Future volumes, the study intersections are expected to operate acceptably at LOS A overall and LOS D or better on the side-street approaches except that the Shaw Avenue approach to SR 12 is expected to operate at LOS E during the p.m. peak hour. The Future plus Project operating conditions are summarized in Table 7.

Table 7 – Future plus Project Peak Hour Intersection Levels of Service

Study Intersection Approach	AM Peak		PM Peak		Weekend Peak	
	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS
1. SR 12/Shaw Ave <i>Northbound (Shaw Ave) Approach</i>	0.4	A	0.8	A	0.8	A
	<i>33.1</i>	<i>D</i>	37.1	E	<i>24.0</i>	<i>C</i>
2. SR 12/Maple Ave <i>Northbound (Maple Ave) Approach</i>	0.1	A	0.5	A	0.4	A
	<i>18.2</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>28.4</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>19.9</i>	<i>C</i>

Notes: Delay is measured in average seconds per vehicle; LOS = Level of Service; Results for minor approaches to two-way stop-controlled intersections are indicated in *italics*; **Bold** text = deficient operation

Finding – The study intersections will continue operating acceptably with project traffic added to Future volumes, at the same Levels of Service as without it. Because the Shaw Avenue approach to SR 12 is operating at LOS E, consideration was given to the change in delay to determine significance of the impact. The project would be expected to increase delay from 36.9 seconds to 37.1 seconds, an increase of 0.2 seconds. Because this is less than five seconds, under the County’s policy this is considered less-than-significant. The impact is also less-than-significant under Caltrans’ policy as the overall LOS A operation is considered acceptable. Because the project has a less-than-significant impact on operation at SR 12/Shaw Avenue, there does not appear to be a need for the right-turn lane previously required as a Condition of Approval, and from which the current project proposal seeks relief.

Recommendation – It is recommended that the County rescind the requirement for a right-turn lane on Shaw Avenue approaching SR 12.

Travel Demand Analysis

Senate Bill (SB) 743 established a change in the metric to be applied to determining traffic impacts associated with development projects. Rather than the delay-based criteria associated with a Level of Service analysis, the increase in vehicle-miles-travelled (VMT) as a result of a project will be the basis for determining impacts once this new metric is fully vetted and adopted. While the specific methodologies and standards of significance are still under development, consideration was given to the extent to which this project results in increased VMT.

As proposed, many of the visitors to VJB Winery would arrive in limousines or buses, resulting in fewer trips to and from the site than might otherwise occur. The site is located along SR 12, a route that serves numerous other wineries and tasting rooms, so the project is likely to attract a substantial amount of pass-by traffic from guests visiting multiple tasting rooms in the area rather than generating new trips associated with the project itself. SR 12 also attracts a substantial number of bicyclists, and bicycle traffic reduces the VMT. The project would be expected to draw from this bicycle traffic as well, especially at such time as the Class I trail is constructed parallel to SR 12.

Alternative Modes

Pedestrian Facilities

Given the proximity of agricultural and residential land uses, it is reasonable to assume that most winery visitors and employees will travel to and from the site by motor vehicle. Therefore, the winery is expected to generate little to no pedestrian travel except between the buildings and parking lots. In order to provide adequate parking for the uses at the site and avoid use of street parking, it is understood that the parcel at 75 Shaw Avenue has been purchased, and the plan is to use the vacant lot for parking. County staff has expressed concerns regarding pedestrian access between the project site and the off-site parking lot, so the need for a mid-block pedestrian crosswalk was evaluated.

Shaw Avenue has a paved width of about 25 feet and narrow shoulders on one or both sides that are used for parking and pedestrian travel. Counts performed in 2017 at the intersection of SR 12/Shaw Avenue indicate that the daily volume on Shaw Avenue is about 340 trips per day, including project-generated traffic. Even with project trips added, the average daily traffic volume on Shaw Avenue remains well below 400 vehicles per day, a volume that is considered “very low” by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO). The speed limit on this short road segment is 25 mph, and field observations indicate that drivers are traveling at or below this speed. Given that sight distance is adequate to allow sufficient visibility between motorists and pedestrians, at this low volume pedestrians should be able to find an adequate gap in traffic to safely cross from the parking lot directly to the VJB site.

Consideration was given to the need for a crosswalk as a channelizing device and not a safety device. Given that most pedestrians will cross in a relatively straight line between the parking lot and the site entrance, there is little need for these walking trips to be channelized. Further, the presence of a mid-block crosswalk may provide pedestrians with a false sense of security and discourage them from waiting for traffic to clear prior to entering the street.

Finding – The project is expected to generate limited pedestrian traffic except between the project and on-site and off-site parking lots. Given the operational characteristics of Shaw Avenue, it is expected that pedestrians will be able to cross safely between the off-site parking lot and VJB Marketplace. A mid-block crosswalk is therefore not recommended.

Recommendation – Installation of the mid-block crosswalk from the site to the parking lot at 75 Shaw Avenue should not be required.

Bicycle Facilities

Existing and planned future bicycle facilities, including the future Sonoma Valley Trail paralleling SR 12, together with shared use of minor streets provide adequate access for bicyclists.

Bicycle Storage

The project site plan does not identify the provision of bicycle parking or storage facilities; however, the project should provide bicycle parking consistent with the requirements for the specific uses outlined in Article 86 of the County of Sonoma Code of Ordinances which states that one bicycle parking space should be provided for every five required automobile parking spaces. With a proposed supply of 89 spaces, parking for 18 bicycles is needed.

Finding – Bicycle facilities are adequate to serve the expected demand, and would be improved upon installation of the planned Sonoma Valley Trail paralleling SR 12.

Recommendation – Parking to secure at least eighteen bicycles should be provided on-site.

Transit

Existing transit routes are adequate to accommodate project-generated transit trips. Existing stops are within acceptable walking distance of the site.

Finding – Transit facilities serving the project site are adequate.

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Access and Circulation

Site Access

Access to the parking lot located on the project site is via a two-way driveway on Shaw Street and a one-way egress to Maple Street. Additional parking is provided in a lot on the opposite side of Shaw Street that is accessed by a two-way driveway.

Sight Distance

Sight distance along Shaw Avenue from the project driveway was evaluated based on sight distance criteria contained in *A Policy on Geometric Design on Highways and Streets* published by American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO). For drivers exiting a driveway, stopping sight distance recommendations are typically applied. Given the 25-mph speed on both Shaw and Maple avenues, the applicable stopping sight distance recommendation is 155 feet. The available sight lines from all three driveways exceed this, and are therefore adequate.

Access Analysis

Left-Turn Lane Warrants

The need for left-turn lanes on SR 12 at Shaw Avenue was evaluated based on criteria contained in the *Intersection Channelization Design Guide*, National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report No. 279, Transportation Research Board, 1985, as well as a more recent update of the methodology developed by the Washington State Department of Transportation. The NCHRP report references a methodology developed by M. D. Harmelink that includes equations that can be applied to expected or actual traffic volumes in order to determine the need for a left-turn pocket based on safety issues. Based on our research and discussions with Caltrans staff, this methodology is consistent with the "Guidelines for Reconstruction of Intersections," August 1985, which was referenced in Section 405.2, Left-turn Channelization, of previous editions of the Caltrans *Highway Design Manual*, though this reference has been deleted from the most recent edition of this manual.

Based on the volume warrants alone, a left-turn lane is warranted on SR 12 at Shaw Avenue during the p.m. and midday Existing condition peak periods. However, a review of the collision history for the intersection of SR 12/ Shaw Avenue indicates that only one crash involving a left-turning vehicle (July 2012) was reported during the eight-year period reviewed (2009-2016), indicating that there is not a safety problem at the intersection that would need to be addressed by installing a left-turn lane. Additionally, there are significant construction constraints affecting the design of a left-turn pocket, such as the relocation of existing utility poles and shoulder and drainage facilities. The lack of sufficient right-of-way makes it infeasible for a private party to construct a left-turn pocket.

Further, Condition of Approval 41e as set forth for the project in 2007 indicated that the left-turn lane needed to be constructed to allow operation past the hour of 4:00 p.m. Until such time as the left-turn lane was constructed, operation was limited to 10:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. Since operation outside of these hours is not currently proposed, there would not be an extension of operating hours that would trigger the need for the left-turn lane, so the left-turn lane should not be required at this time.

However, County staff suggested an alternative improvement that would achieve the desired result of providing space so that following vehicles could pass around a left-turning vehicle if necessary, especially in the case of an inattentive driver approaching a vehicle stopped and waiting to turn left having insufficient time to avoid colliding with the stopped vehicle despite the adequacy of sight distance. The County has, on numerous occasions, placed a condition that applicants construct a wider shoulder on the opposite side of the street from their driveway, or in this case a side street, so that approaching drivers have adequate space to move around the vehicle stopped

before turning left. This alternative improvement has been applied in other places along state highways, including SR 116 and 121. Under this alternative the shoulder on the northeast side of the roadway would need to be widened to a minimum of eight feet for a total distance of 200 feet: 100 feet on each side of the centerline of Shaw Avenue. The widening of the shoulder results in conditions that are an improvement over existing conditions, leading to better operation with the project than without it, regardless of any increase in left turns associated with the project, and therefore a less-than-significant impact due to the project. While not required to accommodate the project as currently proposed, the applicant has agreed to investigate the feasibility of this improvement.

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Parking

The project was analyzed to determine whether the proposed parking supply would be sufficient for the anticipated parking demand. This analysis provides an update to the previous parking study conducted in a report titled, *Revised Traffic and Parking Analysis for VJB Marketplace Modification*, July 16, 2015. The proposed project’s parking supply consists of 37 spaces on site and an additional 53 spaces in an off-site parking lot at 75 Shaw Avenue for the exclusive use of VJB Vineyards & Cellars, for a total supply of 90 spaces.

Required Parking

Based on the Sonoma County Zoning Code, Section 26-86-010, one parking space is required per 60 square feet of dining area, one space per 200 square feet of general retail, and one space per 250 square feet of office space. Project plans include 3,654 square feet of dining area (including the picnic area, bar, covered area adjacent to the wine cellar, and area in front of the gelato bar), 425 square feet of retail space, which includes the market, and 306 square feet of office space. This equates to a parking requirement of 65 spaces. With plans to provide 90 spaces, the supply is adequate to meet County codes with a surplus of 25 spaces. Table 8 provides a summary of the County’s parking requirements.

Land Use	Units	County Requirements	
		Rate	Spaces Required
Dining	3,654 sf	1.0 per 60 sf	61
Market (retail)	425 sf	1.0 per 200 sf	2
Office	414 sf	1.0 per 250 sf	2
Total Parking Required			65

Notes: sf = square feet

The proposed project also includes an on-site limousine and bus drop off which would also reduce the parking demand generated by the project by increasing the vehicle occupancy above the typical 2.5 persons per vehicle.

Finding – The proposed parking supply would accommodate the anticipated parking demand with a surplus of 25 spaces.

Conclusions and Recommendations

Conclusions

- Based on the counts obtained, the site currently generates 28 trips during the a.m. peak hour, 38 during the p.m. peak hour, and 88 during the weekend peak hour.
- Under existing conditions with project traffic excluded, both study intersections are operating at LOS A overall and at LOS D or better on the stop-controlled approaches.
- Under anticipated Future volumes, both study intersections are expected to operate at acceptable service levels overall and on the side-street approaches with the exception of the northbound Shaw Avenue approach to SR 12. The anticipated LOS E operation is below the County's standards; however, it is acceptable due to the overall LOS A operation per Caltrans standards.
- Upon the addition of project-related traffic to the Existing and Future volumes, the study intersections are expected to continue operating acceptably at LOS D or better both overall and on the side-street approaches. The one exception is that the northbound Shaw Avenue approach to SR 12 is expected to operate at LOS E under Future volumes, which is again considered acceptable under the applicable Caltrans standard. Further, the increase in delay is 0.2 seconds, which is considerably less than the five seconds allowed under County policy, so even with County criterion applied the impact is less-than-significant.
- Pedestrian traffic associated with the project is expected to be minimal and comprised primarily of visitors walking from and to the on-site and off-site parking lots. There are safety concerns related to the mid-block crosswalk proposed by the County, especially the potential for pedestrians to walk out in front of oncoming traffic due to a false sense of security. Given the availability of adequate sight distance and low speeds and volumes on Shaw Avenue, pedestrians are expected to be able to cross relatively easily and safely. Existing pedestrian facilities are therefore expected to be adequate.
- There are no bicycle facilities serving the project site. However, striped eight-foot shoulders on SR 12 are used by bicycles and a bike trail parallel to SR 12 is planned for the future.
- Transit facilities connect the site to Santa Rosa to the west and Sonoma to the east, and the site is served by bus stops near the intersection of SR 12/Greene Street. While few transit trips to and from the site are expected, the available transit facilities are adequate to serve those that may occur.
- The available sight lines for all three project driveways exceed the recommended 155 feet for roads with 25 mph speed limits and are therefore adequate.
- A left-turn lane is not warranted on westbound SR 12 at the intersection with Shaw Avenue due to construction constraints and safe operation of the intersection indicated by the lack of collisions for the past nine years.

Recommendations

- Because acceptable operation can be maintained without any improvements, there is no nexus for the County's requirement for a right-turn lane on the Shaw Avenue approach to SR 12. It is recommended that this condition be rescinded.
- While the volume at the intersection of SR 12/Shaw Avenue indicates that a left-turn lane for the westbound approach may be warranted, the incidence of only one reported collision in nine years indicates that there is

not a safety problem that warrants attention. As a result, and in consideration of the geometric, right-of-way and utility constraints associated with adding a left-turn pocket as well as the current proposal to limit operating hours and closing at 4:00 p.m., it is recommended that the requirement for the left-turn pocket be eliminated.

- It is recommended that the applicant investigate the feasibility of widening the shoulder on the north side of SR 12 for a distance of 200 feet (100 feet on either side of Shaw Avenue) to provide recovery space if a driver needs to pass around a vehicle waiting to turn left into Shaw Avenue.
- A mid-block crosswalk between the off-site parking lot and the VJB site may pose safety concerns to pedestrians and is therefore not recommended.
- Secure parking facilities for at least 18 bicycles should be provided on site.

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Study Participants and References

Study Participants

Principal in Charge	Dalene J. Whitlock, PE, PTOE
Assistant Engineer	Cameron Nye, EIT
Graphics/Editing/Formatting	Angela McCoy

References

2013 Collision Data on California State Highways, California Department of Transportation, 2016
Guide for the Preparation of Traffic Impact Studies, California Department of Transportation, 2002
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Appendix A

Collision Rate Calculations

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Intersection Collision Rate Calculations

VJB Marketplace Modification

Intersection # 1: State Route 12 & Shaw Avenue

Date of Count: Thursday, September 21, 2017

Number of Collisions: 5
Number of Injuries: 0
Number of Fatalities: 0
ADT: 14500
Start Date: January 1, 2012
End Date: December 31, 2016
Number of Years: 5

Intersection Type: Tee
Control Type: Stop & Yield Controls
Area: Suburban

$$\text{collision rate} = \frac{\text{Number of Collisions} \times 1 \text{ Million}}{\text{ADT} \times 365 \text{ Days per Year} \times \text{Number of Years}}$$

$$\text{collision rate} = \frac{5}{14,500} \times \frac{1,000,000}{365 \times 5}$$

	Collision Rate	Fatality Rate	Injury Rate
Study Intersection	0.19 c/mve	0.0%	0.0%
Statewide Average*	0.14 c/mve	0.7%	38.0%

ADT = average daily total vehicles entering intersection
c/mve = collisions per million vehicles entering intersection
* 2013 Collision Data on California State Highways, Caltrans

Intersection # 2: State Route 12 & Maple Avenue

Date of Count: Thursday, September 21, 2017

Number of Collisions: 3
Number of Injuries: 1
Number of Fatalities: 0
ADT: 14500
Start Date: May 1, 2011
End Date: April 30, 2016
Number of Years: 5

Intersection Type: Tee
Control Type: Stop & Yield Controls
Area: Suburban

$$\text{collision rate} = \frac{\text{Number of Collisions} \times 1 \text{ Million}}{\text{ADT} \times 365 \text{ Days per Year} \times \text{Number of Years}}$$

$$\text{collision rate} = \frac{3}{14,500} \times \frac{1,000,000}{365 \times 5}$$

	Collision Rate	Fatality Rate	Injury Rate
Study Intersection	0.11 c/mve	0.0%	33.3%
Statewide Average*	0.14 c/mve	0.7%	38.0%

ADT = average daily total vehicles entering intersection
c/mve = collisions per million vehicles entering intersection
* 2013 Collision Data on California State Highways, Caltrans

Appendix B

Intersection Turning Movement Counts

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National Data & Surveying Services

Intersection Turning Movement Count

Location: SR 12 & Shaw Ave
 City: Kenwood
 Control:

Project ID: 17-07753-001
 Date: 9/21/2017

Total

NS/EW Streets:	SR 12										Shaw Ave										TOTAL
	NORTHBOUND					SOUTHBOUND					EASTBOUND					WESTBOUND					
	NL	NT	NR	NU	0	SL	ST	SR	SU	0	EL	ET	ER	EU	0	WL	WT	WR	WU	0	
AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	280
7:00 AM	3	134	0	0	0	0	141	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	307
7:15 AM	1	162	0	0	0	0	139	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	318
7:30 AM	0	142	0	0	0	0	174	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	357
7:45 AM	0	169	0	0	0	0	182	3	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	336
8:00 AM	3	179	0	0	0	0	149	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	376
8:15 AM	2	188	0	0	0	0	181	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	320
8:30 AM	1	135	0	0	0	0	175	5	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	297
8:45 AM	1	121	0	0	0	0	168	3	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL VOLUMES :	11	1230	0	0	0	0	1309	19	0	0	14	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2591
APPROACH %'s :	0.89%	99.11%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	98.57%	1.43%	0.00%	0.00%	63.64%	0.00%	36.36%	0.00%	0.00%						
PEAK HR VOL :	6	671	0	0	0	0	687	12	0	0	7	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1389
PEAK HR FACTOR :	0.500	0.892	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.944	0.600	0.000	0.000	0.875	0.000	0.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.924
					0.891					0.945					0.813						

NS/EW Streets:	SR 12										Shaw Ave										TOTAL
	NORTHBOUND					SOUTHBOUND					EASTBOUND					WESTBOUND					
	NL	NT	NR	NU	0	SL	ST	SR	SU	0	EL	ET	ER	EU	0	WL	WT	WR	WU	0	
PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	364
4:00 PM	4	184	0	0	0	0	171	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	356
4:15 PM	2	193	0	0	0	0	153	0	0	0	6	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	361
4:30 PM	2	169	0	0	0	0	184	1	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	365
4:45 PM	0	185	0	0	0	0	175	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	339
5:00 PM	2	164	0	0	0	0	166	1	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	364
5:15 PM	1	210	0	0	0	0	150	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	362
5:30 PM	0	178	0	0	0	0	183	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	332
5:45 PM	1	160	0	0	0	0	167	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL VOLUMES :	12	1443	0	0	0	0	1349	5	0	0	23	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2843
APPROACH %'s :	0.82%	99.18%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	99.63%	0.37%	0.00%	0.00%	67.65%	0.00%	32.35%	0.00%	0.00%						
PEAK HR VOL :	8	731	0	0	0	0	683	1	0	0	14	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1446
PEAK HR FACTOR :	0.500	0.947	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.928	0.250	0.000	0.000	0.583	0.000	0.563	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.990
					0.947					0.924					0.719						

National Data & Surveying Services

Intersection Turning Movement Count

Location: SR 12 & Shaw Ave
 City: Kenwood
 Control:

Project ID: 17-07753-001
 Date: 2017-09-16

Total

NS/EW Streets:	SR 12					SR 12					Shaw Ave									
	NORTHBOUND					SOUTHBOUND					WESTBOUND									
	NL	NT	NR	NU	TOTAL	SL	ST	SR	SU	TOTAL	EL	ET	ER	EU	TOTAL	WL	WT	WR	WU	TOTAL
12:00 PM	10	0	0	0	10	0	127	3	0	130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12:15 PM	3	159	0	0	162	0	127	4	0	131	2	0	3	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
12:30 PM	9	144	0	0	153	0	154	5	0	159	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
12:45 PM	5	164	0	0	169	0	134	6	0	140	5	0	6	0	11	0	0	0	0	0
1:00 PM	5	161	0	0	166	0	146	6	0	152	2	0	6	0	8	0	0	0	0	0
1:15 PM	6	156	0	0	162	0	150	4	0	154	2	0	4	0	6	0	0	0	0	0
1:30 PM	7	163	0	0	170	0	116	5	1	122	7	0	4	0	11	0	0	0	0	0
1:45 PM	6	143	0	1	150	0	156	8	0	164	6	0	7	0	13	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL VOLUMES :	51	1251	0	1	1303	0	1110	41	1	1152	26	0	31	0	57	0	0	0	0	0
APPROACH %'s :	3.91%	96.01%	0.00%	0.08%	100.00%	0.00%	96.35%	3.56%	0.09%	100.00%	45.61%	0.00%	54.39%	0.00%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
PEAK HR :	12:30 PM - 01:30 PM																			
PEAK HR VOL :	25	625	0	0	650	0	584	21	0	605	11	0	17	0	28	0	0	0	0	0
PEAK HR FACTOR :	0.694	0.953	0.000	0.000	0.962	0.000	0.948	0.875	0.000	0.951	0.550	0.000	0.708	0.000	0.636	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
TOTAL	0.984																			

National Data & Surveying Services

Intersection Turning Movement Count

Location: SR 12 & Maple Ave
 City: Kenwood
 Control:

Project ID: 17-07753-002
 Date: 2017-09-16

Total

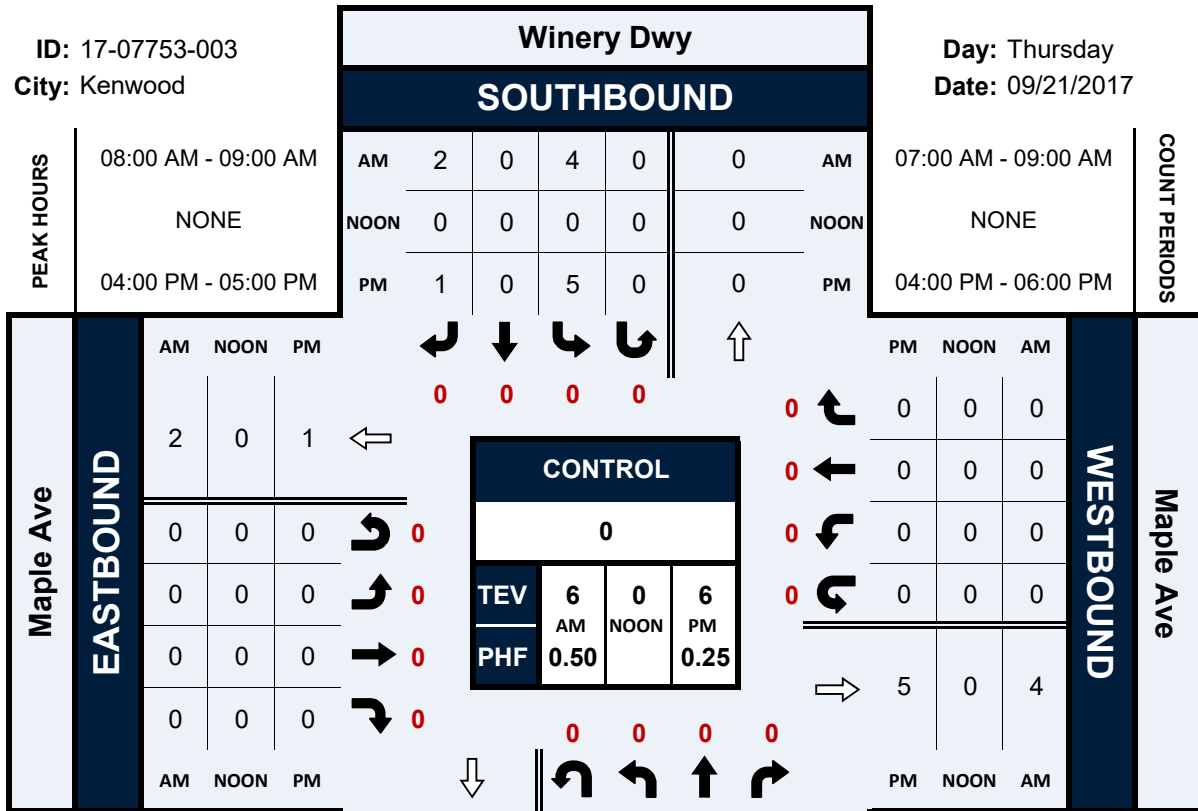
NS/EW Streets:	SR 12						Maple Ave						Maple Ave												
	NORTHBOUND			SOUTHBOUND			WESTBOUND			EASTBOUND			WESTBOUND			EASTBOUND									
	NL	NT	NR	NU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	TOTAL
12:00 PM	1	170	0	0	0	0	0	120	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	298
12:15 PM	2	154	0	0	0	0	0	132	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	292
12:30 PM	5	159	0	0	0	0	0	153	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	323
12:45 PM	1	169	0	0	0	0	0	134	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	310
1:00 PM	2	162	0	0	0	0	0	145	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	316
1:15 PM	1	155	0	0	0	0	0	149	5	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	316
1:30 PM	2	164	0	0	0	0	0	118	2	3	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	297
1:45 PM	2	150	0	0	0	0	0	162	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	320
TOTAL VOLUMES :	16	1283	0	0	0	0	0	1113	23	13	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2472
APPROACH %'s :	1.23%	98.77%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	97.89%	2.02%	36.11%	0.00%	63.89%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
PEAK HR :	12:30 PM - 01:30 PM																								
PEAK HR VOL :	9	645	0	0	0	0	0	581	14	5	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1265
PEAK HR FACTOR :	0.450	0.954	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.949	0.583	0.313	0.000	0.625	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.979
	0.962																								

Winery Dwy & Maple Ave

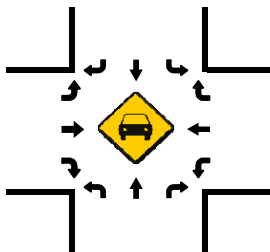
Peak Hour Turning Movement Count

ID: 17-07753-003
City: Kenwood

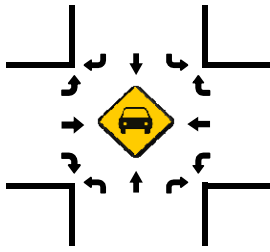
Day: Thursday
Date: 09/21/2017



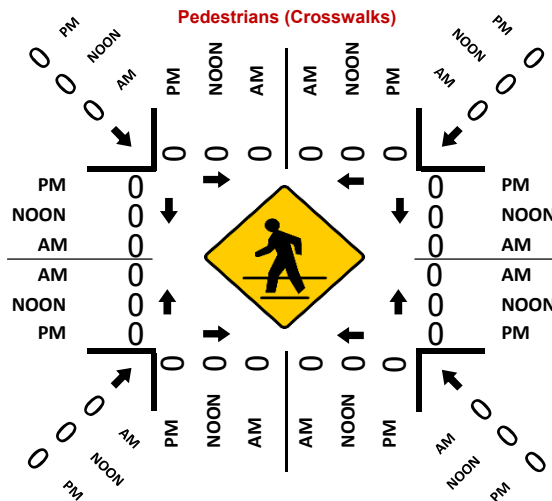
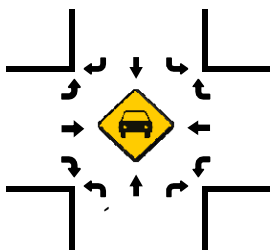
Total Vehicles (AM)



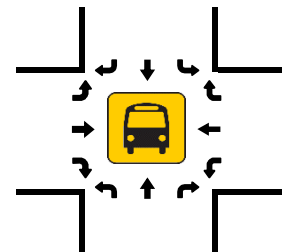
Total Vehicles (NOON)



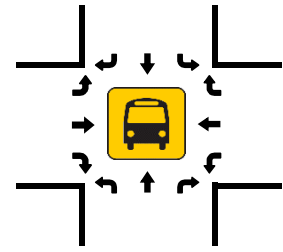
Total Vehicles (PM)



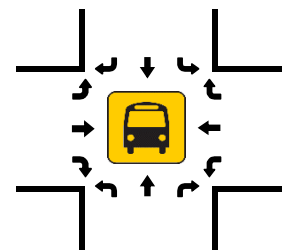
Total Vehicles (AM)



Total Vehicles (NOON)



Total Vehicles (PM)

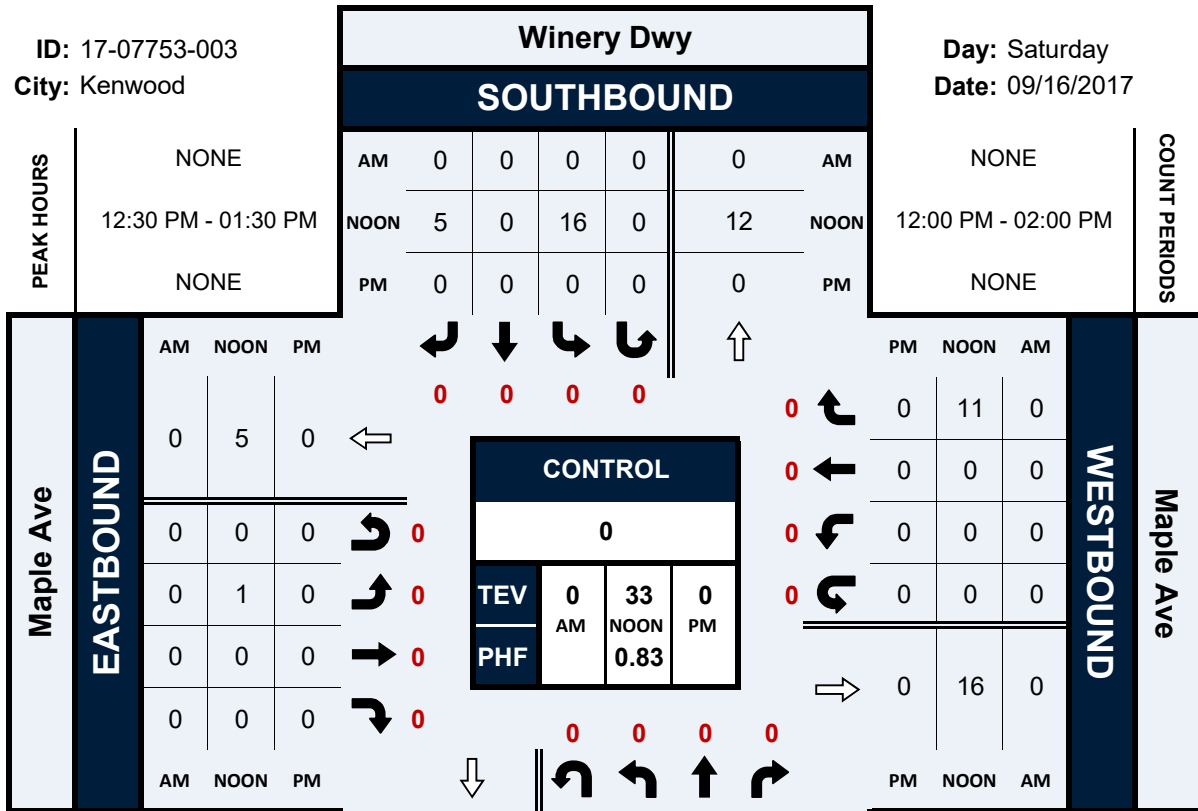


Winery Dwy & Maple Ave

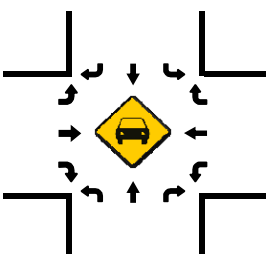
Peak Hour Turning Movement Count

ID: 17-07753-003
City: Kenwood

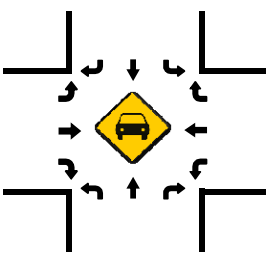
Day: Saturday
Date: 09/16/2017



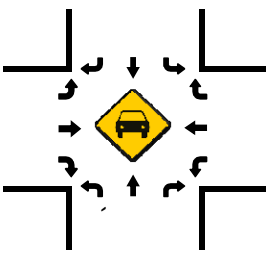
Total Vehicles (AM)



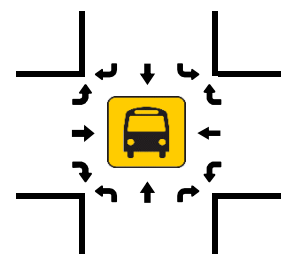
Total Vehicles (NOON)



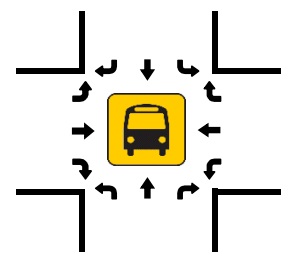
Total Vehicles (PM)



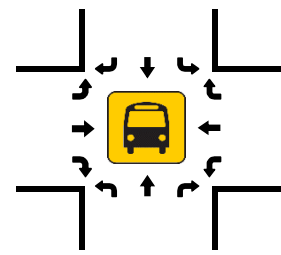
Total Vehicles (AM)



Total Vehicles (NOON)



Total Vehicles (PM)



In Out Study

Locations: 60 Shaw Ave
City: Kenwood, CA

Day: Saturday
Date: 9/16/2017

Time	Entrance 1	
	In	Out
12:00	13	1
12:15	3	2
12:30	13	2
12:45	6	5
13:00	10	4
13:15	10	3
13:30	6	3
13:45	13	14

Time	Entrance 2A	
	In	Out
12:00	2	1
12:15	3	1
12:30	6	0
12:45	5	2
13:00	3	1
13:15	8	4
13:30	4	7
13:45	8	11

Time	Entrance 2B	
	In	Out
12:00	0	0
12:15	0	0
12:30	0	1
12:45	2	1
13:00	0	0
13:15	1	1
13:30	0	0
13:45	0	0

Ped Grouping Study

Locations: 60 Shaw Ave
City: Kenwood, CA

Day: Thursday
Date: 9/21/2017

Time	Entrance 1	
	In	Out
7:00	1	0
7:15	2	0
7:30	0	0
7:45	2	1
8:00	0	0
8:15	1	0
8:30	1	0
8:45	0	1

Time	Entrance 2A	
	In	Out
7:00	2	2
7:15	3	2
7:30	1	0
7:45	2	1
8:00	3	1
8:15	8	1
8:30	2	5
8:45	6	5

Time	Entrance 2B	
	In	Out
7:00	0	0
7:15	0	0
7:30	0	0
7:45	0	0
8:00	0	0
8:15	0	0
8:30	0	0
8:45	0	0

Time	Entrance 1	
	In	Out
4:00	3	5
4:15	1	1
4:30	0	5
4:45	2	2
5:00	-	-
5:15	-	-
5:30	-	-
5:45	-	-

Time	Entrance 2A	
	In	Out
4:00	1	3
4:15	1	2
4:30	0	1
4:45	0	1
5:00	-	-
5:15	-	-
5:30	-	-
5:45	-	-

Time	Entrance 2B	
	In	Out
4:00	0	0
4:15	1	3
4:30	1	3
4:45	0	2
5:00	-	-
5:15	-	-
5:30	-	-
5:45	-	-

Note: Entrance 1: Gate closed at 5PM
Entrance 2A: Gate closed at 5PM
Entrance 2B: Gate closed at 5PM

Future Volume Growth Factor Derivation
JVB Marketplace Traffic Analysis

SR 12		NB
	Model Years	2010 2040
	Model Segment Volumes	448 567
	Current Year	2017
	Growth Factor	1.203

SR 12		NB
	Model Years	2010 2040
	Model Segment Volumes	843 951
	Current Year	2017
	Growth Factor	1.098

Shaw/Maple Ave		EB
	Model Years	2010 2040
	Model Segment Volumes	82 133
	Current Year	2017
	Growth Factor	1.477

Shaw Ave/Maple Ave		WB
	Model Years	2010 2040
	Model Segment Volumes	177 210
	Current Year	2017
	Growth Factor	1.143

Peak Period: Weekday PM

Intersection: SR 12/Shaw Avenue

<i>Movement</i>	EBL	EBR	NBL	NBT	SBT	SBR
Volume Existing	14	9	8	731	683	1
Volume Future	21	13	9	879	750	1

Appendix C

Intersection Level of Service Calculations

DRAFT



Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 1: SR 12 and Shaw Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
Analysis Period: 15 minutes

Delay (sec / veh): 31.8
Level Of Service: D
Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.036

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→	→
Turning Movement	Left 12.00 0	Thru 12.00 0	Right 12.00 0
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	687	5
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	687	5
Peak Hour Factor	0.9200	0.9200	0.9200
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	187	1
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	747	5
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.01
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	31.77	14.60
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.77	3.77
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.19	
Approach LOS	A	A	A	A	C	
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.16		
Intersection LOS				D		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
Analysis Period: 15 minutes

Delay (sec / veh): 29.8
Level Of Service: D
Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.000

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→	→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	1	669	2
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	1	669	2
Peak Hour Factor	0.9400	0.9400	0.9400
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	178	1
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	1	712	2
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	28.77	13.54
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	9.11	9.11	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	227.86	227.86	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.36
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.01					
Approach LOS	A					
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.03		
Intersection LOS				D		

Intersection Level Of Service Report

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes

Delay (sec / veh): 30.0
 Level Of Service: D
 Volume to Capacity (V/C): 0.020

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12 Northbound	SR 12 Southbound	Shaw Avenue Eastbound
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	Left Thru Right	Left Thru Right	Right
Turning Movement	Left Thru Right	Left Thru Right	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00 12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00 12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0 0 0	0 0 0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00 100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00 100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	3	729	683	0
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	3	729	683	3
Peak Hour Factor	0.9900	0.9900	0.9900	0.9900
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	1	684	172	1
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	3	736	690	3
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0



Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.00
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	8.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	28.99	13.60
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	9.25	9.25	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.06
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	231.33	231.33	0.00	0.00	1.56	1.56
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.04					
Approach LOS	A	A	A	A	D	
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]						
Intersection LOS						D



Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 32.1
 Level Of Service: D
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.036

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→	→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	4	5	7
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	4	5	7
Peak Hour Factor	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	1	1	2
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	4	5	7
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.02
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.11	14.32
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	10.73	10.73	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.17
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	268.17	268.17	0.00	0.00	4.16	4.16
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.05					
Approach LOS	A					
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.20		
Intersection LOS				D		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 1: SR 12 and Shaw Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes

Delay (sec / veh): 24.3
 Level Of Service: C
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.046

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→	→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	584	16
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	584	16
Peak Hour Factor	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	149	4
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	584	16
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.03
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	8.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	24.27	13.09
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	C	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.25
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.27	6.27
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.11	
Approach LOS	A	A	A	A	C	
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.34		
Intersection LOS				C		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 24.0
 Level Of Service: C
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.000

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→		→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	30.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	9	580	14	2
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	9	580	14	2
Peak Hour Factor	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	2	148	4	1
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	9	582	14	2
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	8.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.99
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	C
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	5.05	5.05	0.00	0.00	0.01
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	126.18	126.18	0.00	0.00	0.30
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.12				12.21
Approach LOS	A				B
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.08	
Intersection LOS				C	

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 1: SR 12 and Shaw Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 33.6
 Level Of Service: D
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.060

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→		→
Turning Movement	Left 12.00 0	Thru 12.00 0	Right 12.00 0	Left 12.00 0
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	6	687	12	7
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	6	687	12	7
Peak Hour Factor	0.9200	0.9200	0.9200	0.9200
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	2	182	3	2
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	7	729	13	8
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.06	0.02
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	33.57	15.34
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	C
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	10.89	10.89	10.89	0.00	0.25	0.25
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	272.13	272.13	272.13	0.00	6.20	6.20
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.09			0.00		25.06
Approach LOS	A			A		D
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.29		
Intersection LOS				D		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 30.2
 Level Of Service: D
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.007

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→	→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	1	2	4
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	1	684	1
Peak Hour Factor	0.9400	0.9400	0.9400
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	182	0
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	1	728	1
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.18	D	13.71
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	D	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	9.38	9.38	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.05
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	234.42	234.42	0.00	0.00	1.25	1.25	1.25
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]		0.01					17.00
Approach LOS		A					C
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.06			
Intersection LOS				D			

Intersection Level Of Service Report

Control Type: Two-way stop
Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
Analysis Period: 15 minutes

Delay (sec / veh): 32.6
Level Of Service: D
Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.098

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12 Northbound	SR 12 Southbound	Shaw Avenue Eastbound
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	Left Thru Right	Left Thru Right	Left Right
Turning Movement	Left Thru Right	Left Thru Right	Left Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	8	683	14
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	8	683	14
Peak Hour Factor	0.9900	0.9900	0.9900
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	2	172	4
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	8	680	14
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.10	0.02
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.61	15.55
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	C
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	9.55	9.55	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.39
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	238.87	238.87	0.00	0.00	9.86	9.86
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.10					
Approach LOS	A					
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.46		
Intersection LOS				D		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 33.1
 Level Of Service: D
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.052

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→		→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	30.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	4	700	5	7
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	4	700	5	7
Peak Hour Factor	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	1	189	1	2
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	4	754	5	7
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.02
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	33.07	14.85
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	11.22	11.22	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.24
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	280.40	280.40	0.00	0.00	6.09	6.09
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.05					
Approach LOS	A	A	A	A	C	C
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.28		
Intersection LOS				D		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 1: SR 12 and Shaw Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 27.4
 Level Of Service: D
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.064

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→		→
Turning Movement	Left 12.00 0 0	Thru 12.00 0 0	Right 12.00 0 0	Left 12.00 0 0
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	25	625	584	17
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	25	625	584	17
Peak Hour Factor	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	6	159	149	4
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	26	638	596	17
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.06	0.03
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	8.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	27.39	13.63
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	5.77	5.77	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.32
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	144.29	144.29	0.00	0.00	8.11	8.11
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.35					18.03
Approach LOS	A					C
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.58		
Intersection LOS				D		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 25.4
 Level Of Service: D
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.028

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→		→
Turning Movement	Left 12.00 0	Thru 12.00 0	Right 12.00 0	Left 12.00 0
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	45.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	9	645	581	10
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	9	645	581	10
Peak Hour Factor	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	2	165	148	3
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	9	658	583	10
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.02
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	8.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.43	12.76
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	5.72	5.72	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	142.94	142.94	0.00	0.00	3.73	3.73
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.12					
Approach LOS	A					
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.26		
Intersection LOS				D		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 1: SR 12 and Shaw Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 43.3
 Level Of Service: E
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.089

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→	→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	754	8
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	754	8
Peak Hour Factor	0.9200	0.9200	0.9200
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	219	2
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	876	9
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0



Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.09	0.02
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	43.31	17.47
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	E	C
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.37
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.33	9.33
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.00			0.00		30.39
Approach LOS	A			A		D
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.32		
Intersection LOS				E		



Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 38.7
 Level Of Service: E
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.000

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→	→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	1	2	4
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	1	2	4
Peak Hour Factor	0.9400	0.9400	0.9400
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	1	1
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	1	2	4
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	38.68	14.44
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	E	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	20.26	20.26	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	506.57	506.57	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.79
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]		0.01				14.44
Approach LOS		F			A	B
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.04		
Intersection LOS				E		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 1: SR 12 and Shaw Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 40.9
 Level Of Service: E
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.091

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→	→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	750	0
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	750	0
Peak Hour Factor	0.9900	0.9900	0.9900
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	221	0
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	866	0
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0



Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.09	0.00
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	40.89	16.89
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	E	C
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.31
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.81	7.81
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	36.89	
Approach LOS	A	A	A	A	E	
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]			0.27			
Intersection LOS			E			



Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 43.5
 Level Of Service: E
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.080

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→		→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	30.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	5	862	758	8
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	5	862	758	8
Peak Hour Factor	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	1	224	197	2
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	5	868	790	8
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0



Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.08	0.03
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	43.53	16.74
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	E	C
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	23.85	23.85	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.38
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	596.28	596.28	0.00	0.00	9.44	9.44
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.05			0.00		26.95
Approach LOS	F			A		D
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.36		
Intersection LOS				E		



Intersection Level Of Service Report

Control Type: Two-way stop
Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
Analysis Period: 15 minutes

Delay (sec / veh): 31.0
Level Of Service: D
Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.092

Intersection Setup

SR 12 Northbound
SR 12 Southbound
Shaw Avenue Eastbound



Name	SR 12 Northbound	SR 12 Southbound	Shaw Avenue Eastbound
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	Left Thru Right	Left Thru Right	Left Right
Turning Movement	Left Thru Right	Left Thru Right	Left Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00 12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00 100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12 Northbound	SR 12 Southbound	Shaw Avenue Eastbound
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	0	641	14
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	0	641	14
Peak Hour Factor	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	164	4
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	0	654	14
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0



Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.09	0.05
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	8.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	31.01	14.99
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.49
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.37	12.37
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.89	
Approach LOS	A	A	A	A	C	
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.55		
Intersection LOS				D		



Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 30.2
 Level Of Service: D
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.000

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→	→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	10	637	7
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	10	637	7
Peak Hour Factor	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	3	163	2
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	10	650	7
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0



Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	8.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.21	12.87
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	10.01	10.01	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	250.18	250.18	0.00	0.00	1.15	1.15
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.12	0.12	0.00	0.00	12.87	
Approach LOS	A	A	A	A	B	
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]			0.12			
Intersection LOS			D			



Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 1: SR 12 and Shaw Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 46.3
 Level Of Service: E
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.114

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→		→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	6	687	12	7
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.1430	1.2030	1.1430	1.4770
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	7	807	14	10
Peak Hour Factor	0.9200	0.9200	0.9200	0.9200
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	2	219	4	3
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	8	877	15	11
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.11	0.03
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	46.28	18.63
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	E	C
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	24.41	24.41	24.41	0.00	0.48	0.48
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	610.29	610.29	610.29	0.00	11.96	11.96
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.09			0.00		33.11
Approach LOS	F			A		D
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.44		
Intersection LOS				E		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 39.3
 Level Of Service: E
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.009

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound	Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→	→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	1	2	4
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.1430	1.1430	1.4770
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	1	2	6
Peak Hour Factor	0.9400	0.9400	0.9400
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	0	200	2
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	1	799	6
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	38.30	14.68	
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	E	B	
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	20.88	20.88	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	522.04	522.04	0.00	0.00	1.92	1.92	
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]		0.01				18.20	
Approach LOS		F			A	C	
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]					0.08		
Intersection LOS					E		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 1: SR 12 and Shaw Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 46.9
 Level Of Service: E
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.201

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→		→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	8	731	683	14
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.1430	1.2030	1.0980	1.4770
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	9	879	750	21
Peak Hour Factor	0.9900	0.9900	0.9900	0.9900
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	2	222	189	5
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	9	888	758	21
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.20	0.03
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	46.90	21.22
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	E	C
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	21.33	21.33	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.86
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	533.29	533.29	0.00	0.00	21.51	21.51
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.09			0.00		37.08
Approach LOS	F			A		E
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.80		
Intersection LOS				E		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 45.5
 Level Of Service: E
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.103

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→		→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	30.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	4	700	5	7
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.1430	1.0980	1.1430	1.4770
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	5	769	6	10
Peak Hour Factor	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	1	227	2	3
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	5	907	6	10
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.10	0.04
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	45.47	17.77
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	E	C
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	25.28	25.28	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.50
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	632.02	632.02	0.00	0.00	12.38	12.38
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.05					
Approach LOS	F				A	D
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]					0.45	
Intersection LOS					E	

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 1: SR 12 and Shaw Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
Analysis Period: 15 minutes

Delay (sec / veh): 36.6
Level Of Service: E
Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.125

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→		→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	45.00	25.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Shaw Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	25	625	584	17
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.1430	1.2030	1.0980	1.4770
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	29	752	641	16
Peak Hour Factor	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	7	192	164	4
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	30	767	654	16
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.13	0.06
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	9.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	36.56	16.26
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	E	C
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	11.46	11.46	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.65
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	286.53	286.53	0.00	0.00	16.20	16.20
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.34					
Approach LOS	A					
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.84		
Intersection LOS				E		

Intersection Level Of Service Report
Intersection 2: SR 12 and Maple Avenue

Control Type: Two-way stop
 Analysis Method: HCM 6th Edition
 Analysis Period: 15 minutes
 Delay (sec / veh): 32.5
 Level Of Service: D
 Volume to Capacity (v/c): 0.051

Intersection Setup

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Approach	Northbound	Southbound		Eastbound
Lane Configuration	←	→		→
Turning Movement	Left	Thru	Right	Left
Lane Width [ft]	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
No. of Lanes in Pocket	0	0	0	0
Pocket Length [ft]	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Speed [mph]	45.00	45.00	30.00	30.00
Grade [%]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crosswalk	No	No	No	No

Volumes

Name	SR 12	SR 12	SR 12	Maple Avenue
Base Volume Input [veh/h]	9	645	581	10
Base Volume Adjustment Factor	1.1430	1.2030	1.0990	1.4770
Heavy Vehicles Percentage [%]	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Growth Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
In-Process Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Site-Generated Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Diverted Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Pass-by Trips [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Existing Site Adjustment Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Other Volume [veh/h]	0	0	0	0
Total Hourly Volume [veh/h]	10	776	638	7
Peak Hour Factor	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800	0.9800
Other Adjustment Factor	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total 15-Minute Volume [veh/h]	3	198	163	2
Total Analysis Volume [veh/h]	10	792	651	7
Pedestrian Volume [ped/h]	0	0	0	0

Intersection Settings

Priority Scheme	Free	Free	Stop
Flared Lane			No
Storage Area [veh]	0	0	0
Two-Stage Gap Acceptance			No
Number of Storage Spaces in Median	0	0	0

Movement, Approach, & Intersection Results

V/C, Movement V/C Ratio	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.03
d_M, Delay for Movement [s/veh]	8.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.46	14.00
Movement LOS	A	A	A	A	D	B
95th-Percentile Queue Length [veh]	11.37	11.37	11.37	0.00	0.27	0.27
95th-Percentile Queue Length [ft]	284.31	284.31	284.31	0.00	6.76	6.76
d_A, Approach Delay [s/veh]	0.11			0.00		18.87
Approach LOS	A			A		C
d_I, Intersection Delay [s/veh]				0.35		
Intersection LOS				D		